

THE HONDO ANVIL HERALD.

ANVIL, EST. 1888 / CONSOLIDATED
HERALD, 1891 / OCT. 17, 1903.

HONDO, MEDINA COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912.

VOL. 26. No. 39

ONE PRICE TO ALL

You can feel that your money has just as good a purchasing power in this store as the richest man in the land and yet no greater than the carefully saved dollar of your poorest neighbor. We believe in "ONE PRICE TO ALL," the fair, legitimate way to do business. Every article marked in plain figures that you can read as easily as the salesman---no x-y-z business to bewilder you---no whispered prices that lead you to believe that you are getting a special discount. Everything fair, above board and open to the light of common sense. We try to serve every customer as we, ourselves, would like to be served.

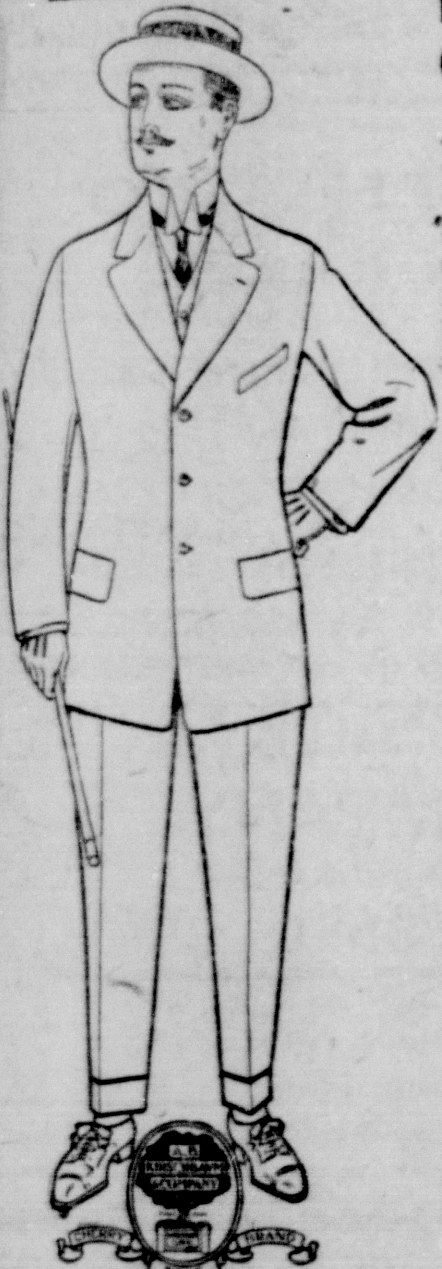
And Medina County's Biggest, Best and Busiest Store Makes good every time in its determination to ALWAYS give

"BETTER GOODS FOR THE SAME MONEY; OR THE SAME GOODS FOR LESS MONEY THAN ELSEWHERE."

Our Premium Department is the talk
Wherever you go!

Trading at SCHMITT & STEINHARDT'S enables you to share in the profits to the extent of 5 per cent and it's all so simple, too---all you need to do is to collect our Premium Tickets given free on Dry Goods and Furnishings and exchange them for useful and ornamental articles in our premium department. This feature of our business is FREE TO EVERYBODY without exception.

Kirschbaum Clothes
ALL WOOL
HAND TAILORED



Every Young Man Who Admires Pretty Clothes Should Call and Inspect Our Lines!

How are you fixed for Summer? Still wearing that old Winter suit, that Winter hat and Winter underwear? Well, you are just the fellow we want to talk to---we want you to call and see the Spring and Summer Apparel for Men and Young Men---for instance:

Kirschbaum's Suits
From \$12.50 to \$25.00

They're classy, too, the swaggiest styles in all leading shades, tailored by men tailors and fit as perfectly and as stylishly as though made to order. You'll be sure to buy one, for our prices are right. Can't you call and see them? Your attention is especially directed to our Special Offering of a lot of about thirty

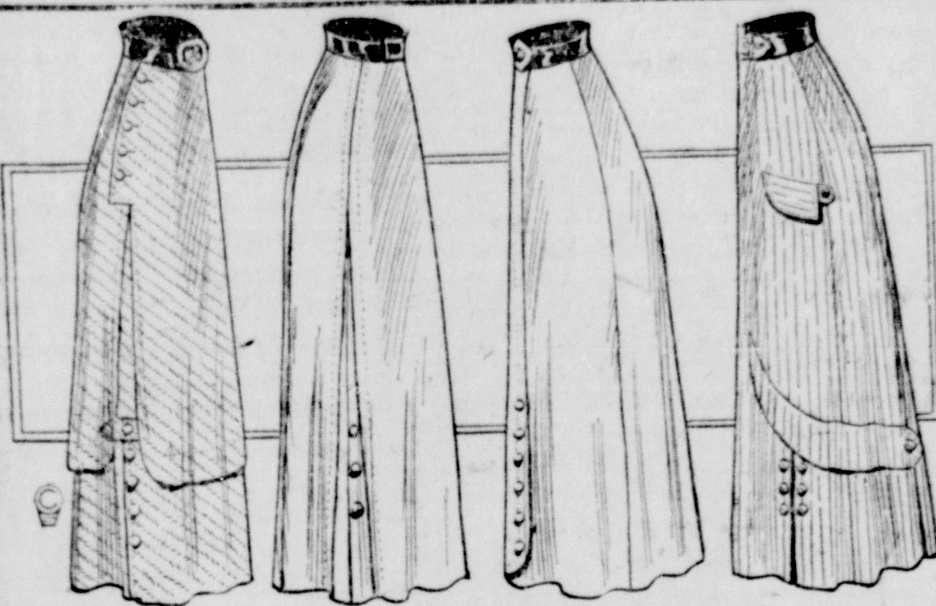
Kirschbaum Mohair Summer Suits

assorted colors, ranging in price from \$17.50 to \$20.00 at the attractive price of **\$14.98**. This is a snap---Don't miss a chance like this.

In New Spring Hats and Furnishings

We can more than please you---for our lines are so varied as to meet the individual fancies of both conservative men and the "sporty" college chaps.

Just the proper styles in shirts, neckwear, hosiery, collars, underwear, etc., is what you will be shown when you visit us. Direct from Fashion's Headquarters.



SKIRTS UNDER-PRICED

Beginning Monday morning we will offer our entire stock of Ladies' and Misses' Skirts made out of the most popular materials and in the most fashionable styles and shades, at the following reductions:

Your choice of any	1.00 Skirt	\$.85
Your choice of any	1.25 Skirt	1.06
Your choice of any	1.50 Skirt	1.27
Your choice of any	2.00 Skirt	1.70
Your choice of any	2.50 Skirt	2.12
Your choice of any	3.00 Skirt	2.55
Your choice of any	3.50 Skirt	2.97
Your choice of any	4.00 Skirt	3.40
Your choice of any	5.00 Skirt	4.25
Your choice of any	6.00 Skirt	5.10
Your choice of any	8.00 Skirt	6.80
Your choice of any	10.00 Skirt	8.50
Your choice of any	12.00 Skirt	10.20
Your choice of any	13.50 Skirt	11.48
Your choice of any	15.00 Skirt	12.75
Your choice of any	\$17.50 Skirt	\$14.88
Your choice of any	\$20 Skirt	\$17.00

F-U-R-N-I-T-U-R-E

The Buying Advantages Offered You at This Store Are Truly Remarkable

A more complete, more attractive, more reasonably priced stock of Furniture and House-furnishings you never laid your eyes on---and if you've new things to purchase for your home and are desirous of having these things of newer design, better quality, and wish to make your dollars do their greatest duty, Schmitt & Steinhardt's must be your buying headquarters. The season's new goods are here in greater assortment than ever before---come and do your choosing early while assortments are at their best.

We allow 10 per cent off for cash and on 30-day charge accounts. Freight prepaid from here to all railroad points between San Antonio and Uvalde.

Sturdy--Serviceable--Satisfying New 1912 Baby Carriages

We are showing a full line of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts, which will be a pleasure for the baby and a comfort to you.

All well made and ranging in price from

\$2.50

to

\$20.00



NEW SPRING GARMENTS

Have taken their place on the racks, in the display cases, on the counters---everywhere you look now in this store something new will greet you. Come and make the acquaintance of these NEW SPRING DRESSES, SKIRTS AND WAISTS---all at very moderate prices.

DRESSES---For Children, made of popular materials, stripes, checks and solid colors. All the newest ideas in Children's Dresses in all sizes. Priced from \$5.00 down to 50c.

WASH FABRICS---The season's prettiest styles. To see these beautiful fabrics is to realize that they are the best in quality and styles ever shown at the popular prices we are offering them at.

Save On GROCERIES Phone 1-2-3

We Have No Room for Unreliable Groceries. No Matter What you Buy here you may Feel assured of the Quality.

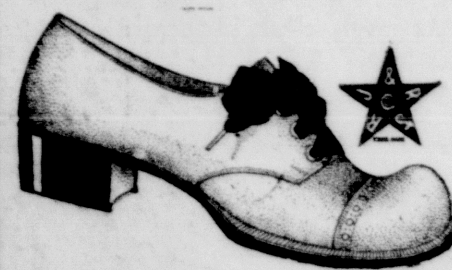
16 LBS. STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR	\$1.00
Our Selection Flour, in sacks, bbl.	\$5.85
\$1.25 Climax Roasted Coffee	1.15
1.25 Gladiator Roasted Coffee	1.15
1.15 Tulane Roasted Coffee	1.00
Green Rio Coffee, lb.	20c
Choice Green Peaberry Coffee, lb.	22 1/2c
13 lbs. Head Rice	\$1.00
Can No. 3 California Peaches	23c
Can California Cherries and Pears, No. 3's	24c
American Sardines, 6 cans	25c
16 Cans American Lye	\$1.00
Sunburst Lamp Oil, gallon	12 1/2c

NEWS OF NEW SHOES

For Summer 1912

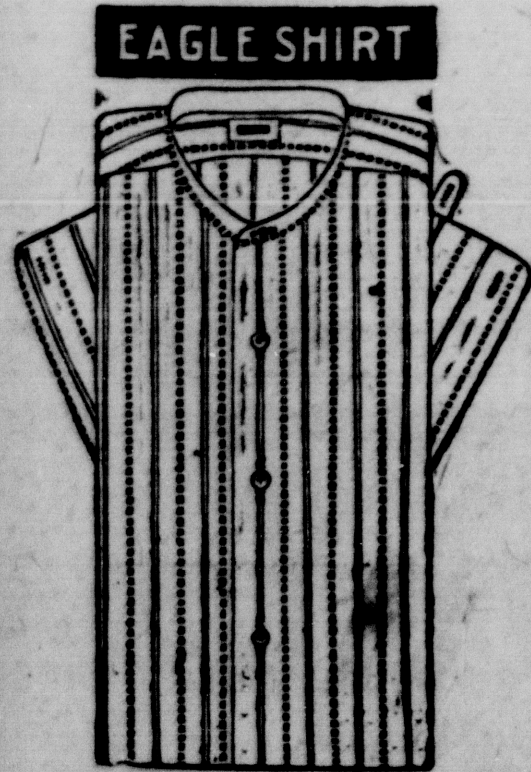
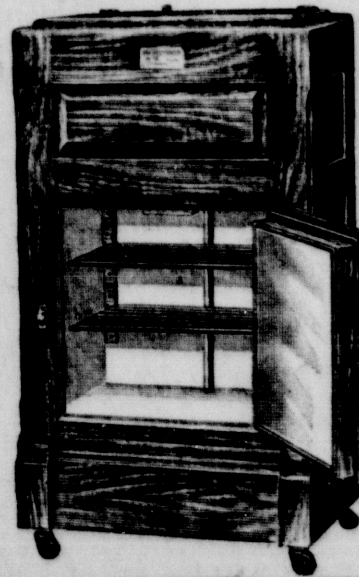
Our Shoe Department is now ready with a complete new line of fine Footwear that is worthy of your appreciation---perfect workmanship in the finest of leathers, designed by experts, and many of the styles shown are exclusive models sold only here. Here you'll find every good, wanted style at right prices.

Ted and Ted School Shoes
For style and service---look better---fit better---wear longer.



Refrigerators!

Our Refrigerators are built on scientific lines of carefully selected, well seasoned material. They are the most sanitary, most satisfactory and the most economical Refrigerators for family use. We have a complete line of all sizes for family use. Let us show you!



EAGLE SHIRT

EAGLE SHIRTS: NEW ONES
When you buy a shirt with the "Eagle" label, you know you are getting the best value it is possible to put in a shirt at the price. More men---particular men---wear these high class shirts than any other make. New spring styles \$1 to \$3.50. Other good shirts 50c to \$1.



Schmitt & Steinhardt



ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

MAKES HOME BAKING EASY

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts

The only Baking Powder made
from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

THE HONDO ANVIL HERALD.

Published Weekly—Every Saturday Morning.

FLETCHER DAVIS, MRS. ROBERTA DAVIS,
Editor and Proprietor. Assistant Editor.

OFFICE: ANVIL HERALD BUILDING, HALF A BLOCK SOUTH OF DEPOT.
For the Commercial, Agricultural and Industrial development of Medina County
and Hondo. An Independent local newspaper.
SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.00 A YEAR. ADVERTISING RATES REASONABLE.

Entered at the Postoffice at Hondo, Texas, as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912.

Who Is Hit?

THE demagogue who would revive the rancors and the passions of last summer's prohibition fight that he may, camp-follower-like, fatten on the spoils of the political warfare is no patriot but is rather a menace to the welfare of the state. He should be buried so deep beneath an avalanche of ballots as to be forever relegated to political oblivion!—Hondo Anvil Herald.

You may be right, but we can't tell whom you are roasting. If prohibition isn't the over-shadowing issue in the July primary then we don't know an issue when we see one. Who injected it? It came in as an unavoidable result of the line-up in the state election two years ago and the prominent part taken in last summer's prohibition campaign by some of our state officials. You won't say that the prohibitionists are more united in the present campaign than are the antis, because you know that statement would not be correct. Show us a Texas voter who has decided convictions as an anti and we can name his political favorites in this campaign, from United States senator and governor down to county officers. We won't miss it one time out of ten. We won't miss it as often as you will in attempting the same thing with the voters who have decided pro convictions, because the pros are less united than the antis. Where will you find the pros advertising their ticket as you do the antis in a prominent Southwest Texas daily. Who are the demagogue revivers?—Uvalde Leader News.

Our observation is a general one intended for a general application. We would not shield any one, friend or foe, from its application where deserved.

But since our contemporary seems to want to give it a personal one, we are perfectly willing that it do so, and invite a comparison of the seventh plank of Judge Ramsey's platform and his opening speech at Gonzales with the speech of Governor Colquitt at Sherman.

It will be observed that we spoke of "REVIVING the rancors and passions of last summer's prohibition fight" while the Leader-News points out that we still have them as an "unavoidable result" of that fight. Therein does it show the consistency

of the "pronounced pro". To it there is no "reviving" of the "rancors and passions of a prohibition fight;" they bloom eternal in its heart.

Because prohibition is not the "over-shadowing issue" but the only excuse for any issue in the governorship contest does not justify its being the issue. Why not let the result of last summer's fight be accepted? Why seek to punish "some of our state officials" for following the dictates of their consciences in a contest already arbitrated at the ballot?

That demagogues may fatten on the spoils of the political warfare. That and nothing more! If it is necessary to go back to last year and the line-up of two years ago to determine who injected the issue and relieve the pros of the opprobrium of having injected it at the present time why not be consistent and go still further back and determine who forced the line-up of two years ago? Will you undertake to say that it was not the pros? Will you dare maintain that the pros did not first inject the prohibition issue into state politics and have been the aggressors at every stage of the fight, just as the attitude of the two candidates for governor at the present time show the pro to be the aggressor?

If, then, the antis are organized and determined in their opposition to the persistent onslaughts of the pros is it not, seeing the antis have every thing to lose, more to the credit of their intelligence than deserving of censure that they are so organized and so determined? If the pros are less united than the antis does it not argue that they either have less faith in the justice of their cause, have less at stake or have a less intelligent leadership or less of all three?

We repeat that the demagogue who would revive—or keep alive—the rancors and the passions of last summer's prohibition fight THAT HE MAY FATTEN ON THE SPOILS OF THE POLITICAL WARFARE is a menace to the welfare of the state and should be buried beneath an avalanche of ballots. If we may not depend upon the

good offices of the esteemed Leader-News in the burial service we shall console ourself with the reflection that it can not find it in its heart to commend or defend the MOTIVE which we have censured.

Call for Republican County Convention.

In accordance with established customs and in obedience to instructions of the Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, signed Cecil A. Lyon, Sherman, Texas, March 28, 1912, it is directed that a County Republican Convention of the Republican Party of Medina County, Texas, in the city of Hondo, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held at Ft. Worth on May 28, 1912, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said convention, it is hereby directed that said County Convention shall be held on Tuesday, May 7, 1912, said county convention to convene at 8 o'clock P. M. in the court house in Hondo, Texas.

The following test is hereby ordered: "Every person participating in the Republican Convention in this state shall bind himself to support the nominee of the Republican National Convention, and candidates for electors chosen by the Republican Convention of Texas."

PAUL REINHART,
County Chairman,
Republican Executive Committee

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WARDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Conclusive evidence is the kind that conforms to your side of the case.

Biliousness and Constipation.

For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have been today had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The Tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, purify the stomach, liver and blood, helping the system to do its work naturally.—Mrs. Rosa Potts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by all dealers.

Don't croak. A frog is comparatively safe as long as it keeps quiet.

Is there anything in all this world that is of more importance to you than good digestion? Food must be eaten to sustain life and must be digested and converted into blood. When the digestion fails the whole body suffers. Chamberlain's Tablets are a rational and reliable cure for indigestion. They increase the flow of bile, purify the blood, strengthen the stomach, and tone up the whole digestive apparatus to a natural and healthy action. For sale by all dealers.

Youth has a superior way of looking at age, until the plate is passed.

For soreness of the muscles whether induced by violent exercise or injury, Chamberlain's Liniment is excellent. This liniment is also highly esteemed for the relief it affords in cases of rheumatism. Sold by all dealers.

You can't be pleasure bent and straight with your employer.

Now is the time to get rid of your rheumatism. You will find Chamberlain's Liniment wonderfully effective. One application will convince you of its merits. Try it. For sale by all dealers.

Its chasing after the butterfly girls that trips men the hardest.

Sick headache results from a disordered condition of the stomach, and can be cured by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Try it. For sale by all dealers.

When in doubt, take a day off and mind your own business.

J. M. Howell, a popular druggist of Greensburg, Ky., says: "We use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our own household and know it is excellent." For sale by all dealers.

A talkative man seldom selects his wife for his audience.

Don't expect the unexpected to happen too often.

For The Stomach Here's An Offer You Should Not Overlook.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets remedy stomach troubles by aiding nature to supply the elements the absence of which in the gastric juices causes indigestion and dyspepsia. They aid the stomach to digest food and to quickly convert it into rich red blood and material necessary for overcoming natural body waste.

Carry a package of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets in your vest pocket, or keep them in your room. Take one after each heavy meal and prove our assertion that indigestion will not bother you.

We know what Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are and what they will do. We guarantee them to relieve indigestion and dyspepsia. If they fail we will refund your money. Three sizes, 25 cents 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies only at our store—The Rexall Store. Martin, Inabnit & Co.

You won't find the road to success very well dragged.

Stiff neck is not only painful but annoying. To get rid of it quickly rub the affected part with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates the flesh and relaxes the muscles so that the pain ceases immediately. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by W. H. Windrow.

If you would be a leader you must set the pace.

AFTER ANY

sickness, Scott's Emulsion increases the appetite and builds strength rapidly. Its wonderful nourishment assists nature in restoring health. All Druggists.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.



J. H. PLUCK

Optometrist

Eyes Examined and Tested and Glasses Fitted
2nd Floor, Leinweber Building

B. R. BRADLEY

H. J. MEYER

Drs. BRADLEY & MEYER

Office over the First National Bank
Calls Filled Promptly Day and Night

DR. W. H. SMITH

Physician and Surgeon

Office in Leinweber Building
Residence Phone, No. 70
HONDO, - - TEXAS

DR. R. P. THOMAS,

DENTIST

Office on second floor of the Leinweber building.
Telephone at office and residence.
Hondo §§ Texas.

L. J. BRUCKS

R. J. NOONAN

District Attorney County Attorney
BRUCKS & NOONAN
LAWYERS

Local representative of the Garner Abstract and Land Co. Complete abstract of all lands in Medina county.
Office at the Courthouse Hondo, Texas

J. H. MEYERS, BLACKSMITH SHOP

Where you can get anything done in the line of Carriage work, Rubber tiring, Plow, Buggy and Wagon work, Horse-shoeing, Buggy Painting and everything in Blacksmithing and Wood work. All work guaranteed. Also buy and sell second-hand Buggies. Prices right.
HONDO, - - TEXAS.

Irving C. Honegger ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Alamo Nat'l Bank Bldg.
SAN ANTONIO, - TEXAS

A Morning Reminder.

You awake with a mean, nasty taste in the mouth, which reminds you that your stomach is in a bad condition. It should also remind you that there is nothing so good for a disordered stomach as Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

They build up the system, assist nature to restore natural conditions, and are so gentle in their action that one hardly realizes a medicine was taken. Chamberlain's Tablets are sold everywhere. Price 25c.

The Lone Star Saloon

Fritz Wohlschlegel, Prop.

Handles Wines, Liquors, Beer, Cigars
Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

Schuehle's Old Stand.

South of Depot

Hondo, Texas

The Staff of Life is

A daily essential which we supply. All must have it to live. We hold the privilege of supplying yours. We make good fresh

BREAD

Cakes, Pies Etc. daily and guarantee all of the products of this bakery.

MATT. RATH

Proprietor....

The City Bakery

J. E. CALLAHAM

LOUIS STIEGLE

PROPRIETORS OF

CITY MEAT MARKET

DEALERS IN

Choice Fresh Meat of all Kinds

Also Ice and Keg Beer

Meat and Ice Delivered to any Part of Town.

HIGHEST - CASH - PRICE - PAID - FOR - HIDE
Next to Frerich's Saloon, Hondo, Tex

HEATH & CO.

All Kinds of Insurance.

Representing the best and strongest Companies in the world. Lowest possible rates on all risks

Hondo,

-:-

Texas

D'HANIS BRICK & TILE COMPANY

Manufacturers of

RED PRESSED BRICK

20,000 daily capacity.

Dealers in Lime, Cement, Sand and Fire Clay.

D'HANIS, TEXAS.

HEAD-
QUART-
ERS
FOR
GENT-
LEMEN

THE CITY SALOON

C. H. Sagers, Prop.

A splendid assortment of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars

The Buckhorn Saloon

T. J. SAUTER, Proprietor

DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Beer and Cigars

Edgewood Whiskey a Specialty

Leinweber's
Old Stand....

Hondo, Texas

YOU WANT JOB? a Better

That question will be asked you almost daily by business men seeking your services. If you qualify—take the Draughton Training—and show ambition to rise. More BANKERS endorse DRAUGHTON'S Colleges than endorse all other business colleges COMBINED. 48 Colleges in 18 States. International reputation. Banking, Typewriting, Penmanship, English, Spelling, Arithmetic, Letter Writing, Bookkeeping. Bookkeepers all over the United States say that Draughton's New System of Bookkeeping saves them from 25 to 50 per cent in work and worry. Short-hand. Practically all U. S. official court reporters write the System of Short-hand Draughton Colleges teach. Why? Because they know it is the best. DRAUGHTON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, Dallas, Houston, Austin, Galveston, San Antonio, El Paso, Texas. Amarillo, Texarkana, or El Paso, Texas.

Hotel Barber Shop

R. ESSER, Proprietor

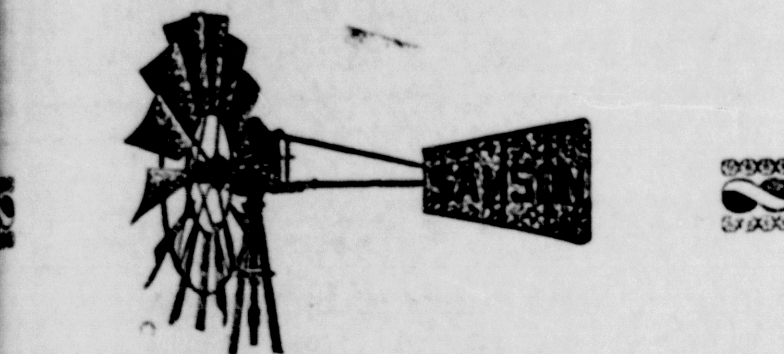
The Sanitary Shop....

Hot and Cold Baths

San Antonio Brewing Assn.

"Pearl" Who can beat it?

Ring Phone 25 1-long 2-short Rings, for
B. C. Wiemers



The Samson Windmill
AGENT AT HONDO.

Call on him and he will tell you about the Samson.
ALAMO IRON WORKS
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.



Are You a Woman?

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



Lone Star Saloon

NIC. L. TSCHIRHART, Proprietor

Wines, Liquors, Beer, Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Liquors of all kinds and prices, in Flasks, Quarts and Gallons for family use.

Free Camp Yard, Corn, Hay and Oats For Sale At All Hours

Beetz Old Stand CASTROVILLE, TEXAS

CASTROVILLE Anvil Sparks.

This Department is in charge of our Authorized Agent for Castroville,—

ED H. HUEHNER, Editor

who is authorized to collect and receipt for money due this paper and to whom items intended for this page should be submitted.—Editor.

Louis Kreisle of Victoria came in Monday on a visit to relatives and friends. He returned Tuesday, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Katherine Kreisle.

Joe Schmidt of Black Creek came in Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Salzmann of Lacoste were here Monday.

J. Mike Burell made a business trip to San Antonio Monday, returning Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Britz of Seco spent a few hours with relatives and friends in our midst Tuesday while en route to San Antonio to attend the marriage of their son.

Hon. R. J. Noonan was over here on legal business Tuesday.

Louis Ahr and another gentleman of San Antonio visited here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Louis Scherrer of the big store made a business trip to the Alamo City Tuesday.

Little Laura, eldest daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Walter Kralik, had her feet severely scalded Monday by pulling over a kettle of boiling water. Medical aid was at once summoned and at this writing the little Miss is getting along as well as can be expected.

The grand leap year dance given at Wernette's opera house Wednesday night, April 24th was not very largely attended owing to the inclement weather, but nevertheless was a swell affair and very much enjoyed. The same was given by the Castroville Brass Band.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ludwig of Devine were Castroville visitors Wednesday and Thursday.

Messrs. Henry and Aug. Tschirhart made a business trip to the dam site Friday.

Rev. Walter Kralik left Friday for Seguin on business.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bippert last Saturday morning, twin daughters.

We congratulate.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fuos, Mrs. Walter Kralik and children and Miss Emma Fuos visited A. C. Wurzbach and family at Riomedina Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Etter and daughter, Hulda, and your humble scribe and his better half visited relatives on the Sauz Sunday. We found crops in fine condition, but not near as far advanced as at this time last year. The oats need another rain, otherwise the yield will be light.

Tinner Killy Old Boy visited in San Antonio this week.

Mrs. C. B. Watters of San Antonio spent the past week with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Scherrer.

Albert Bippert of San Antonio and Mrs. Annie M. Zoller of this place were happily married at San Antonio Saturday, April 20th. The happy couple will reside at Moore, Texas. We join their many friends in wishing them bon voyage.

We certainly made a grand blunder in last week's letter in our write-up of the Boehme-Haegelin nuptials. We had the name of the groom as Ferdinand when it should have been Henry A. Boehme. Well, remember that it is only human to err. April 29, 1912.

Mrs. Norris Makes Statement Regarding Husband.

Mrs. Norris makes the following statement: My husband bought a bottle of Hunt's Lightning Oil for Rheumatism. He has been bothered for over two years. It has done him a great deal of good and he thinks it will cure him. Mrs. Mollie Norris, Colbert, Ok. There is nothing better for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and the like.

Old folks are forever trying to convince the young ones that the life behind them is the life ahead.

"Nails"

"Nails are a mighty good thing—particularly finger nails—but I don't believe they were intended solely for scratching, though I used mine largely for that purpose for several years. I was sorely afflicted, and had it to do. One application of Hunt's Cure, however, relieved my itch, and less than one box cured me entirely." J. M. Ward, Index, Texas.

The specially enjoyable thing about smoking an oil pipe is when everybody else in the house wants you not to.

Tomlinson's Letter.

Simmons' Liver Purifier is the most valuable remedy I ever tried for constipation and disordered liver. It does its work thoroughly, but does not gripe like most remedies of its character. I certainly recommend it whenever the opportunity occurs. M. M. Tomlinson, Oswego, Kansas. Price 25 cents.

People don't read everything in the paper, but they read all the mistakes.

Letter from Mrs. Goforth

Mrs. Z. E. Goforth, 2119 Holly st., Kansas City, writes: "After using a sample bottle and two 25-cent bottles of Hunt's Lightning Oil, I am almost well of Catarrh. It stops my headaches. It is the best medicine I ever saw, and I can't just keep house without it." She is right.

Dunlay News.

BY THREE STARS

EDITOR ANVIL HERALD:

Mr. and Mrs. Golloff of Castroville were visitors at Wm. Meyer's last Sunday.

Wm. Meyer and wife were visitors in Castroville Friday.

Ben Huegele and Joe Poerner of Devine were here on a visit Sunday.

L. A. Haby made a trip to Castroville Saturday, returning Sunday.

Joe Steinle was a visitor in Castroville Sunday.

Wm. Meyer and family and Henry Meyer and family were visitors in Castroville Sunday.

John Zuberbuehler was a visitor in Castroville Sunday.

Chas. Krenmueller and family were Castroville visitors Sunday.

E. Lebold was a visitor in Castroville Sunday.

The warm weather is causing quite a change in the looks of the trees around here.

Several of Dunlay's young folks were sight seers at the ball game between Quibi and Sturm Hill Sunday.

Some of the young folks were at the dance at Biry Saturday night.

School closes here May 17th and the folks will endeavor to enjoy a basket picnic the following Sunday the 19th.

Some of the fellows who used to play ball when young are practicing the old game with the expectation of crossing bats with the school boys.

Dunlay, April 30, 1912.

No Cause to Doubt

A Statement of Facts Backed by a Strong Guarantee

We guarantee immediate and positive relief to all sufferers from constipation. In every case where our remedy fails to do this we will return the money paid us for it. That's a frank statement of facts, and we want you to substantiate them at our risk.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten just like candy, are particularly prompt and agreeable in action, may be taken at any time, day or night; do not cause diarrhoea, nausea, griping, excessive looseness or other undesirable effects. They have a very mild but positive action upon the organs with which they come in contact, apparently acting as a regulative tonic upon the relaxed muscular coat of the bowel, thus overcoming weakness and aiding to restore the bowels to more vigorous and healthy activity.

Rexall Orderlies are unsurpassable and ideal for the use of children, old folks and delicate persons. We cannot too highly recommend them to all sufferers from any form of constipation and its attendant evils. That's why we back our faith in them with our promise of money back if they do not give entire satisfaction. Three sizes: 12 tablets 10 cents, 36 tablets 25 cents and 80 tablets 50 cents. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies in Hondo only at our store, the Rexall Store. Martin, Inabnit & Co.

"She is the finest specimen of the topographical girl I ever saw." "Topographical girl? What kind is that?" "She has a level head and undulating figure."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Sometimes a good guess passes for wisdom.

Noonan Notes.

BY BLUE RIBBON.

ED. ANVIL HERALD:

Misses Olivada and Alta Allen visited Misses Lizzie and Alvina Kempf at Mustang Prairie Tuesday.

Little Miss Frankie Farris is on the sick list.

Misses Olivada and Alta Allen visited Mr. and Mrs. John Kempf Thursday. A party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Allen in honor of Misses Bates of Lytle.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kempf, Mr. and Mrs. John Kempf of Lacoste, Misses Olivada and Alta Allen, Lizzie and Alvina Kempf, Ruth and Zora Tate, Messrs. Audley and Mike Allen, Mack Luckie, Terrell and Clark Tate, Sam Bush, Mr. Clark and Mr. Anson attended a dance at Mr. and Mrs. Allen's.

Mrs. Henry Kempf made a flying trip to Noonan.

Louis Heath visited at Noonan this week.

Mrs. Jesse Heath visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. Jim Heath last week.

Mrs. Harris visited her sister, Mrs. Green, this week.

George Christilles made a trip to Lacoste.

Henry Pieper visited friends at Castroville Easter.

Joe Bader was visiting here Sunday.

The Irrigation Co. is having its land grubbed from Castroville to Big Foot.

Mr. Luckie visited his daughter at Lacoste.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bader and Mrs. Arthur Grimsinger visited Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kempf Friday.

Jim Heath and Mack Koehiter attended a dance at Castroville Wednesday night.

Mr. Low visited Devine Wednesday. Miss Alvina Kempf and the Misses Allen's and Messrs. Audley and Mick Allen and Mack Luckie attended church at Lytle Sunday.

Miss Mattie Brady is on the sick list.


April 24, 1912.

Jas. C. Dahlmann, serving his third term as mayor, Omaha, Neb., again was successful in receiving the overwhelming support of the voters in the primary election. He also successfully rid himself of a bad case of kidney trouble by the aid of Foley Kidney Pills, and writes: "I have taken Foley Kidney Pills and they have given me a great deal of relief, so I cheerfully recommend them." What Foley Kidney Pills have done for Mayor Dahlmann they will do for any other person bothered with backache, rheumatism, or any other form of kidney or bladder trouble. Just try them for quick and permanent results. W. H. Windrow.

Those who spend the wealth that others make have a big grievance because those others don't make more.

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by W. H. Windrow.

A man naturally thinks his favorite author should write more.



(Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium)
Prompt Powerful Permanent
Its beneficial effects are usually felt very quickly
Stubborn cases yield to P. P. P. when other medicines are useless
Good results are lasting—it cures you to stay cured

P. P. P.

Makes rich, red, pure blood—cleanses the entire system—clears the brain—strengthens digestion and nerves.
A positive specific for **Blood Poison** and skin diseases.
Drives out **Rheumatism** and **Stops the Pain**; ends **Malaria**; is a wonderful tonic and body-builder. Thousands endorse it.

F. V. LIPPMAN, SAVANNAH, GA.

Sold by W. H. Windrow.

HERBINE

For the Bowels

A Cure for Chronic Constipation, Torpid Liver and Irregular Bowel Movements.

Constipation is the most common disorder of the bowels. It affects both sexes and all ages but is more prevalent among women because their duties in the household require less physical exercise than the occupations of men; therefore women suffer most from its baneful effect.

A constipated person is an easy victim when exposed to any serious disease—Pneumonia, Typhoid Fever, Malaria, Rheumatism, Small Pox, Yellow Fever and Bright's Disease gather their annual harvest of death among those who are habitually constipated. Even though they escape these diseases, such persons are always ailing more or less. They have headaches, bad digestion, dizziness, loss of strength, and no energy at all. Herbine has a most admirable effect in the bowels; it is cooling, purifying and regulating. It puts a prompt check on biliousness, wind in the bowels, nervousness, heartburn, bad breath, low spirits, drowsiness in the daytime and nervous wakefulness at night.

Price 50c per Bottle.

JAMES F. BALLARD PROPRIETOR ST. LOUIS, MO.

For Weak Sight or Sore Eyes, use Stephens Eye Salve. It cures.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY W. H. WINDROW.

C. J. BLESS

DEALER IN EVERYTHING IN
GENERAL
MERCHANDISE

Solicits a share of your patronage on the assurance of selling **GOOD GOODS AT PROPER PRICES.** He pays highest market price for all kinds of country produce. Ring Telephone 42 and place your orders.

PROMPT FREE DELIVERY TO
ANY PART OF THE CITY

: : VIEWS AND REVIEWS : :

A VISION OF BEAUTY.

It was a beauty that I saw—
So pure, so perfect, as the frame
Of all the universe were large
To that one figure, could I draw
Or give least line of it a law;
A skin of silk without a knot!
A fair march made without a halt!
A curious form without a fault!
A printed book without a blot!
All beauty, and without a spot!
—Ben Jonson.

MAN is most God-like when he forgives most!

It is the duty of every man to take an interest in and to participate in the primary convention of his party to-day.

THE boys of the Southwest Texas Press and Commercial Association at Carrizo Springs last week voted to hold the next meeting of the Association at Ft. Stockton.

As the time of holding the national conventions of the two great parties approaches nearer interest in the campaign becomes more and more intense. Just now politicians are agog over the action Texas will take in the presidential primaries of today and the county conventions of next Tuesday.

W. C. EASTERLING is on the program to preside over a question box at the Carrizo Springs press meeting April 26th. We herewith submit the query—what is the "question of the hour"?—Hondo Anvil Herald. Regret that it was not convenient for me to attend. Hope all had a nice time. Question of the hour: "How far is it from Carrizo to Turkey Trot"?—Alpine Guide. Can't say. But judging from the size of the attendance at the press meeting, it is further than most of us could travel without Col. Tom Anderson furnishing the trotters!

THERE is no occasion to become unduly alarmed over the appearance of any disease in a community. However, it is well to take such sanitary precautions as ordinary prudence and a reasonable regard for health would suggest. A war of extermination should be waged against mosquitoes and flies and every precaution should be taken to remove or destroy the breeding places of these pests. A war of the weed nuisance can not be begun too early, both as a matter of health and one of civic attractiveness. Let us have a clean, healthy town.

Rook Club Entertained.

One of the prettiest parties of the week was the rook card party given by Miss Lina Stone Tuesday afternoon complimentary to Mrs. Emma Knifong of Idaho. Miss Stone was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Knifong and Mrs. Parchman. A pink and white ice course was served with the carnation as the favor.

An afternoon of perfect pleasure and one thoroughly in keeping with the popularity and cordial graces of the hostess was enjoyed by all present.

The prizes were awarded as follows: First prize, a beautiful hand-painted chocolate pitcher, went to Miss Emily Collick; the consolation prize, a hand-made handkerchief was cut by Mrs. L. J. Brucks; and the guest prize was cut by Mrs. Parchman. It was also a hand-made handkerchief.

PAINT OR NOT

Is a horse worth more or less after feed?

Hay and oats are high today; shall I wait today and feed him tomorrow?

That's how men do about painting their houses and barns and fences. Paint has been high for several years; and so they have waited. Paint is high yet; they are still waiting; thousands of 'em are waiting for paint to fall.

Their property drops a trifle a year and the next job of paint creeps-up creeps-up creeps-up; it'll take more paint by a gallon a year; they don't save a cent and the property goes on suffering.

DEVOTE

Holloway Bros. sell it.

District Court.

District Court convened here Monday April 29th, for the spring term.

Present were: Hon. R. H. Burney, Judge; L. J. Brucks, Attorney; Aug. Kempf, Clerk; and J. F. Bader, Sheriff.

The following Grand Jury was empaneled: Frank Keller, Louis Mangold Sr., Geo. Christilles, Louis Haby, A. M. Patterson, C. M. Thompson, Joe Schmidt, Geo. W. Jones, H. W. Butts, John B. Lutz, V. P. King and R. J. Killough. C. M. Thompson was appointed foreman of the said jury.

Adolph Haass, C. C. Rogers, Phillip Haass, Emil Boehle, James Bader, Henry Moore and Herman Oefinger were appointed bailiffs.

The criminal docket was set for trial Monday, May 6th.

Asencion Morin, et al. vs. G. H. & S. A. Ry. Co. Settled by agreement. J. H. Schneider vs. G. H. & S. A. Ry. Co. Settled by agreement.

Francisca Hernandez vs. Christobel Hernandez. Suit for divorce granted.

Charles William Garrett vs. Effie Clara Garrett. Suit for divorce. Divorce granted.

The following petit jury for the first week was empaneled Tuesday as follows: Henry Burger, Louis Scherrer, J. W. Crutchfield, W. S. Lilly, Ben Mann, Robert Foster, Peter Weyand, Fritz Senne, J. H. Hartmann, Louis Rihn, Emil Biry, J. C. Newton, J. P. Nixon, Arnold Rothe, J. S. Fly, Louis Carle, Gus Keller and Ed Tschirhart Jr., John Buss, H. Morris, H. T. Teel, Otto Bippert, Emil Schott, and Henry Fasseier were excused and Henry Buss Jr., Frank Tschirhart, Sam Howard, Albert Pichot, John Crusesturner and Robert Decker were summoned as bailiffs to complete the panel.

Geo. Christilles was appointed foreman of the grand jury to act in the absence of C. M. Thompson who was interested in a case on trial.

Ex-parte Adreliano Villalari application for Habeas Corpus. Applicant was released on his own recognizance on account of being sick with appendicitis.

The grand jury returned five bills of indictments on May 2nd, as follows: State vs. Bonnie Ferrell, burglary of private residence at night. State vs. Rob. Washington, burglary of private residence at night. State vs. Marcia Hernandez, burglary at night. State vs. —, theft of horse. State vs. —, burglary at night.

R. C. Howard vs. C. M. Thompson, et al., suit for commission on sale of land, was tried before the following jury: Robert Decker, Arnold Rothe, Louis Rihn, Ben Mann, Fritz Senne, Frank Tschirhart, Louis Scherrer, J. d. Hartmann, Louis Carle, Gus Keller; Ed Tschirhart Jr. and W. S. Lilly. The case was called Tuesday afternoon, given to the jury Thursday morning and the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff and awarded him \$480.34 at 4 o'clock Thursday.

Jose Manachavez was fined \$100 and sent to jail for refusing to answer questions propounded by the grand jury. After staying in jail from four o'clock Wednesday until noon Thursday, he decided to testify and the fine was remitted.

J. A. Kercheville vs. I. H. Clemons, suit for commission for sale of lands was called for trial Thursday afternoon. This cause is on trial as we go to press and is being tried before the following jury: J. P. Nixon, J. S. Fly, Peter Weyand, Henry Burger, Henry Buss Jr., J. G. Karm, Arnold Folk, Jacob Koch, C. B. Leinweber, Willie Muennink, Fisher King and H. G. Henderson.

The rest of the jury for the week were excused Friday morning.

On May 3rd, the grand jury returned seven indictments, all against parties not yet arrested.

Notice to Electric Light Users.

The Meter system has been adopted and is now strictly in force. The minimum rate to all light users, except benevolent societies, is \$1.75 per month, and current will be charged at the rate of 20c per 1000 Watts, which equals 1 Kilo Watt Hour. Meter rent to those who do not own meters will be 25c per month. Credits will be allowed in winter months for under usage during the summer months, allowed in amounts up to \$1.00. Discount will be allowed to light customers on a meter basis in the following manner:

Any one customer using \$5.00 and up to \$10.00 per month.....10 per cent.
Any one customer using \$10.00 and over.....15 per cent.

In order to take advantage of these discounts, however, bills must be paid in cash on presentation of such bills.

Respectfully,

HONDO LIGHT, POWER & ICE CO.

Weather Report.

Hondo, Texas, for month of April, 1912. Total rain-fall, 3.06 inches; since Jan. 1st, 9.79. Temperature, highest 90 degrees on 30th; lowest, 40 degrees on 3rd.

H. E. HAASS,
U. S. Vol. Observer,

Hondo, Texas,
Since April 15th Judge Haass is making daily telegraph reports to the Weather Bureau at Houston of the condition of the weather, known as Cotton Region Bulletins.

Bader Settlement Dots.

BY BOOBY.

Messrs. Louis Mehr and Ed. Riff attended the dance at Biry Saturday night and reported they had a fine time.

Joe Hutzler of Spindletop passed through here enroute to Hondo on business.

Miss Helen Mehr left for Hondo Saturday where she will remain for about a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Dom. Schott went to Castroville shopping Monday.

Mrs. Nic Hutzler was on the sick list last week.

Gus. Schneider of Castroville visited friends here Sunday night.

Jos. A. Riff and family, Anton and Geo. Burger and Miss Hulda Schulte and brother, Alfred, attended the ball game at Quibi which was played between Sturm Hill and the Quibi teams.

Ad Beidiger went to Quibi shopping Monday.

Jack Hutzler and family, John Hutzler and family, Dom Schott and family and Mr. and Mrs. Nic Hutzler spent Sunday afternoon with Ad. Beidiger.

Ed. Riff and sister, Rose, went to Quibi shopping Friday last.

Joe Mehr visited in Castroville Sunday.

Dom Schott and family went to Devine Tuesday to attend the Golden Wedding of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dom. Schott Sr.

Miss Louisa Reitzer was in Dunlay shopping Friday.

Bader Settlement, May 1, 1912.

A San Antonio Business College Scholarship for sale at this office. 1f.

THE WHISKY PROBLEM SOLVED

JERSEY CREAM 1873 PURE AND RICH

L. EPPSTEIN & SON FORT WORTH



Satisfied
There never was thirst that Coca-Cola couldn't satisfy. It goes straight as an arrow, to the dry spot. And besides this, satisfies to a T the call for something purely delicious and deliciously pure—and wholesome.

Delicious Refreshing Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine as made by THE COCA-COLA CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Free

Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

F. KILHORN, JR.

J. M. LEE

Hondo Sheet Metal & Plumbing Co.

Kilhorn & Lee, Proprietors

All Kinds of Sheet Metal, Plumbing, Roofing, Guttering and Tin Work Done. Tanks Made to Order is Our Specialty.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO BE SATISFACTORY

TELEPHONE 76

HONDO, TEXAS

If You Were an Expert, What Car Would You Buy?

The time has passed when automobiles can be sold to you on their appearances or claims. This is a day when you and every purchaser must be shown what the car for which you pay your money will actually perform; what it will do. Beware of an automobile salesman who attempts to beguile you with a pleasing story. Tell him to show the goods and **prove** to you that his cars are worth the money. Find out whether his car is a real car or only an assembled automobile built to sell.

You have a right to your money's worth, but it is up to you to see that you get it. Deeper than all appearances there are a few expert tests which ought to be applied to every car.

Who makes the car? Is it an assembled car or made from top to bottom by one manufacturer? What kind of a guarantee is on it? Does the manufacturer respect his own product with a real guarantee or does he want you to take the chance? What do parts cost you and how conveniently can you get them? How many cars of this make are in service and how many are giving satisfaction? Questions like these go deep into the heart of the case, and if you put them rigorously upon any car you will find out with a certainty whether or not that car is worth its price.

We are selling Studebaker E M F "30" and Flanders "20" cars because we know that, dollar for dollar, their equal is not sold in the market today. The records of many thousands of cars in all kinds of service have convinced us absolutely. Studebaker E M F "30" and Flanders "20" cars are built to run, and because they run they sell. If we cannot prove to you under the most searching test that Studebaker cars are absolutely the best automobile values in the market, we do not want your business; but we **can** prove it and your neighbors who drive these cars will tell you the same thing.

Be an expert when it comes to buying a car. You can, by getting from us some further ideas on real tests of an automobile. Clip the attached coupon and send it to us now because we have something new to tell you which you ought to know, whatever car you have in mind.

The Studebaker Corporation
Detroit, Michigan

Dealer in Studebaker E M F "30" and Flanders "20" cars
I'll be glad to know how you think a man ought to buy a car, if he wants his money's worth

Name _____
Address _____

E. G. Garwood, Agent, Phone 156, Hondo, Texas

Aetna Policies provide perfect protection

Aetna Life Insurance Co. is the Largest in The World Writing ACCIDENT, HEALTH AND LIABILITY INSURANCE

Assets, January 1, 1912\$104,755,535
Liabilities, January 1, 191295,491,648
Paid Policy Holders Since Organization219,120,502
Life Insurance in Force318,604,631

FOR A POLICY THAT WILL PROTECT YOU OR YOUR FAMILY IN CASE OF ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS, See local agent

W. R. MEREDITH
HONDO, TEXAS

SEE THE VERY LATEST IN LIFE INSURANCE

Chief Executive Makes Initial Address of His Campaign for Re-election as Governor of Texas, at Sherman, April 27, 1912.

My fellow CITIZENS:
I was glad to accept the invitation of friends here to open my campaign for re-election in this great county and in this State. I have been a resident of Grayson county since 1890, and am proud to call it my home. It is made up of broad-minded, intelligent and generous people. She has helped the State with many able and public servants, and, in the past, she will in the future, render me aid in shaping public policy in this State.
I remember with pleasure and now knowledge with gratitude the vote of endorsement Grayson county gave me when I was first elected to the Railroad Commission in 1902, to succeed the late Hon. H. Rozanan, and again in 1906 when you gave me a splendid plurality over nine hundred votes for Governor of the Red of Roses.
I do not wish to see any of the laws enacted to avoid. The amendment was defeated, but by a much smaller majority than even its friends expected. There are immediately charges of fraud against the voters and the payment of poll taxes. Under these conditions the Legislature was about to assemble in special session to pass an appropriation bill, and to act upon other matters. Inflamingatory speeches were made in the Legislature by the friends of the defeat measure, and resolutions were passed calling for legislative investigation; and one was ordered. Without a discussion of what was said at the time, the people recall the scenes and the emotions connected with the things that transpired; they will long be remembered. Charges of fraud were boldly made, but I offered a reward of \$500 for information leading to the conviction of any person guilty of violating the poll tax laws or of the laws under which the election

The Governor's office is not a bed of roses. I assure you. During my brief incumbency it has been more of a bangle of thorns than an experience of pleasure. Every trial, every impediment, and every harassment that enemies could contrive, has been hurled at me. Yet through it all I labored hard to do my honest, simple duty, and to serve all the people without fear or favor. My nomination had hardly been announced as a fact before cabalists and plans began to form to destroy the successfulness of the policies for which I had battled in the great campaign waged before the primary—the policy of constructive legislation, the policy of peace and rest from destructive legislation, a policy that means progress, development, security, happiness and prosperity, and confidence in your neighbor, and tolerance

his right to the
Campaign of 1910.
 In the campaign of 1910 there were three other gentlemen who actively contested with me for the Democratic nomination. Each one of them bore high reputation as men and each one of them was deemed worthy of the high office of Governor. Each one of them, in different spheres, had performed valuable public service, and had defied failure to my lot I should have submitted to the will of the people without bitterness, as I had done once before. During the campaign which was perhaps the most vigorous ever waged in Texas, I did not hesitate to take the side into my confidence upon every public question under discussion, and I endeavored with earnestness to combat those principles of government which I did not believe to be correct, and to defend from the assaults of my opponents those I believed in. Looking back over that campaign with its stirring scenes and its bitter fights in some instances I am proud to remember that I discarded personalities and personal attacks upon my opponents, nevertheless vigorously, but respectfully, maintaining the principles and the dominating platforms, policies and permanent forms.

GOV. O. S. COLQUITT

was held, and offered to employ distinguished counsel to prosecute any candidate who was charged with the names of guilty persons were called for, but none were furnished. So after a month of practically wasted time, and tongue lashing, the fracas ended, to the great satisfaction of a disgusted people.

But it is respectfully submitted to the dispassionate judgment of the fair-minded man, though the storm beat heavily against me, and Colquitt was for my

The Principles Involved. The amendments to the Constitution by Instruction of a partisan primary and the subsequent ordering of an election for the adoption of State-wide suffrage were both measures that were contended by all of my opponents that the question ought to be submitted to the people. I will remember that I took the position that the proposal of amendments to the Constitution was provided for by the Constitution in that form, and that that form ought to be followed, and that in legislative district or the people thereof, were entitled to all the rights that the representative government to the right to instruct their own immediate representatives, and from this point of view, which I have defended the principles of representative Democratic government. The other view was that the Democratic party of the State was entitled to the right to bind the representatives of the several districts, even against the will of the people of those districts, to the point of view of it destroyed them.

undoing, the record will show as being a clean, square deal toward those in disagreement with me, and a desire to have a free election. I know the storm was brewing and warned the people of it in the canvass of 1910. I had prepared for it, in my mind, and I was ready for liberation but with firmness and fairness.

Ought Not to be an Issue. I do not believe the people of this State want a test of fitness for office. There is no good and substantial reason for bringing the issue again into the politics of the State at this time, unless it is to show that some of the people of this State who has no other substantial reason for justification for his candidacy for office. The Democratic platform of 1910 clearly states that prohibition should not be a test of his democracy, the platform of 1916 made the same declaration. If it is not a test of fitness for office, I would like to make it a test of fitness for public duty. To make it a test of fitness for office and not a test of fitness for public duty, is a very different thing. We have had the fight over it as a separate issue, and the people are entitled to a rest from the strife incident to the question of prohibition.

Local Self-Government.

This question necessarily involved the matter of local self-government, and not only that, but also the prohibition question, but to other fundamental principles as well. I told the people in the canvass of 1910 that it was important that they should the principles of local self-government, and that they ultimately be protected in their individual security of person and of property. His position could not be successfully assailed by my opponents and has not been successfully assailed by the State. The principle of the majority is to be the "law of the land," and individual security is and will be merely a matter of submission to any tyranny the majority may wish to impose upon the minority or upon the State. If the majority has an unregulated will of the majority is to become the policy in the State, the larger units of government dominating the smaller, and the right of representation smaller the weaker. The more numerous the counties and more populous units, then such policy will become only the beginning of the end of a representative democracy. There will be nothing to check the majority, or to bring to the attention of the State of doubtful issues or bring about compromises resulting in justice and protection of the weak as well as the strong. It has been amusing to see the efforts of the State to protect the rights of local self-government, and who care nothing for principles when they stand in the way of the accomplishment of their ends, now turn and misapply the doctrine of the majority like the State, and are entirely apt to assign to the basic principles of our form of government.

When the election was pending, I carried it would be fearlessly and firmly enforced as long as the law made it my duty to do so. This course toward the policy toward the enforcement of the local option laws of the State, and I challenge any man to say there has been deflection on my part in aiding the enforcement of prohibition in counties where the elects that they wish to have voted for themselves. This was promised when you elected me in 1910, and the promise has been faithfully observed. The records will show a better enforcement of the prohibition laws during the fifteen months that I have been known before men in the State.

Liquor Legislation.

During the regular session of the Legislature, in addition to the prohibition bill, a number of bills were offered further regulating the liquor traffic, but only one was passed, a bill requiring the closing of saloons at 7 o'clock. This was vetoed on the ground that it contained a violation of legislation in discussing this objection to the bill said:

"The bill contains two subjects. This fact makes the proposed law unconstitutional, and I decline that a self-styled prohibitionist, who would have due regard for his oath of office, if he were Governor and desired to see a valid law on these subjects enacted, could or would approve the bill."

Article III of our State Constitution provides that "No bill (except the appropriation bill) shall contain more than one subject, which shall be expressed in its title." At the time this bill was introduced, it was asked upon relation

Submission and Prohibition.

In the campaign of 1916 I opposed the method of submission as being acting through one political party. To force the submission of the amendment, I appealed to the voters of the State. It was the primary to save the State another campaign of bitterness on this question. The members of the Legislature felt that it should be submitted and the issue eliminated from future political campaigns.

were opposed to the adoption of a vote for submission, while nearly one hundred thousand men voting in the primary voted either way. I promised, however, that if the question was put, and the people instructed their representatives as provided in the Constitution to vote on the question, I would urge that it be done, but I would not attempt to defeat its adoption. No one could mislead or misunderstand my position on this question. Two-thirds of the members of the legislature were instructed to vote for people to submit the question. Considering the voters not voting, the instructions were a plurality, and not a majority of those who voted in the primary. There were some members of the House who in the Senate who did not feel themselves bound by the instructions, and I voted for submitting the question. Some of them came to me and said that they would defeat submission of the question by a fair vote. I told them that I would by all fair rules of elections, two-thirds of the members had been instructed to do so, and that I believed it should be done and the instructions in the Constitution, in matters to be referred to the Legislature, that the question be submitted. I submitted by the votes of anti-prohibitionists, and I believe that there were not enough of the prohibition members present in the House when the question was taken to give the amendment the two-thirds vote. On account of the absence of members who favored it when the vote was taken, some of those who opposed it changed their votes to support it. I held the vote in my hand and saying the word the submission of the amendment could have been defeated. Would partisans on the other side have been so ready to give up? I had been offered them to obtain such advantage over their opponents? But, no, they were as much at the time advantage as we had. I was not a partisan spirit, and seeking all the advantage I could afford, would have used it.

Accordingly, the House was ordered to take up the measure on the 23rd of July, 1931, to reject or adopt the proposed amendment to the Constitution. Before the regular session adjourned, a special session was called for the purpose of holding a referendum on the election on constitutional amendments. This measure was written by friends of the amendment, and it seemed to be expected that the Executive Committee would be in a position to advise that they were disapproved and the Bill was approved. Provision was carefully made for representation of both sides on the Executive Committee, but in three-fourths of the counties the election was conducted by almost undisputed control of the friends of the measure. The campaign, as I now was, was waged in bitter and unbecomingly personal terms.

on premises where it is so sold. This would be a vast improvement on the present law, and will give these communities that may not want to prohibit the sale of beer, the power to abolish the saloon and still collect the tax on beer sold on the premises where it might be purchased in unbroken packages.

When the Legislature was in special session, the committee was anxious to submit amendments to the city charter of every city and town in the State with special charters, giving them authority to prohibit the saloons from the exercise of their franchise. In the evening of April 11, until 3:30, the committee and these matters were submitted for Dallas and Waco. We ought to be willing to recognize the potency of local sentiment in its support in the enforcement of laws.

Campaign Contributions.
I am willing to go a very long way in the direction of practical regulation and control of the liquor traffic, but legislation on this subject ought to contain the spirit of justice and not the element of hatred and malice. The latter spirit, neither in our laws nor in our personal dealings with men, ever accomplish desired results for good.

Any law prohibiting contributions of money for campaign purposes should apply to all persons in the same manner. If a separate bill were passed applying generally, and without discrimination, it would have met with approval. A law which would apply only to persons applying to all persons, if it does not, it would be a farce, and would be evaded just as the provision in the election law now is, which is evaded by the persons in violation of its charter, from contributing to campaign funds. Apply the law to the lobbyist, dealer only, and he could not evade it. If it is made to apply to all persons, the contributions could not be made through any second party.

Some people do not attach much importance to the initiative, referendum and recall, while others consider the issue of transcendent importance. The initiative and referendum has furnished the only refuge in time of political trouble as an issue for the direct responsibility for choosing sides of an issue. As for me, I do not favor the plan of government the term represents; I am for a representative democracy which respects the rights of minorities and individuals, and which is not an undisputed and despotic power in the hands of a mere majority, which of necessity, has to act and move as one man, to carry out the principles of the other plan. Speaking of "the 'ism' in a speech on the "new language" in July, 1909.

I prefer constitutional liberty to irresponsible absolutism. Let us preserve this as a constitutional government where the rights of minorities will be protected.

for this kind of law. When we drift away from the principles of constitutional government we will cut loose from the moorings of safety and drift like the Athenians did when confronted by a demagogue. A demagogue is a man who could sway the crowd with his eloquence and set their feelings on edge and fire their passions, and in such a moment unmake stability, peace, and order. There is no such thing as a ruler under such a rule."

Under this rule, as all readers of history know, the Athenians would scarcely elect one general to lead and govern until they would recall him and elect another. He had no substantial toward the accomplishment of the purpose for which he had been elevated. And usually the movement for his recall would work started by a minority of the very thing that he had previously seemed the majority

A Government of Law.

Again discussing the principle and the policy of it in view of certain provisions of the legislature approving certain provisions of the Texarkana City Charter, I said:

"Ours is a government regulated by law. Local self-government is a well defined thing, and in perfect accord with the limitations on government established by the Constitution. The initiative, referendum and recall is an application of the terms of a law to the unlimited and unrestrained will of the majority and ignores the rights of minority individuals, and by the same method could destroy property."

The initiative and recall ignores the doctrine of due process of law; it ignores the constitutional doctrine that no person caused shall be deprived of his life, liberty or property without compensation until his guilt has been established. It is the doctrine that prevailed when they demanded the innocent to be surrendered to them as a bribe. Platteau, under the influence of the mob, yielded to their demand by composing it. Some have tacitly defended the initiative, referendum and recall as a principle of government, not directly because it comes from an opponent who has forsaken the doctrine of local self-government, which I love to defend. But suppose the state laws stipulated that the local city laws of

[illegible]

Weakness of Argument. But it is contended that recall is necessary to put an end to office usurpation. In answer to this is the fact that our Constitution and laws provide for the summary removal of any man from office guilty of corruption. The subject of recall is not one of confinement in a penitentiary. Do you want to repeal all these safeguards and abandon punishment for such offenses by substituting "recall" for imprisonment? And if the initiative, referendum and recall principle of government is correct, even as applied to cities and towns, why limit the right of the people to apply it to whatever? Why give the power to initiate an ordinance upon one subject and restrain them by State law from initiating and passing an ordinance upon another subject? Why limit it to municipal officials? Why limit its application? If it is good for a restricted area, why would it not be good for unrestricted use? Why not let the people restrict its application to any class of public officials? Why restrict its application to officers at all? Why not use it to recall a law that has proved unsatisfactory? And if the people is to have the right to initiate legislation, a legislature, for the Congress, or to elect the courts? Why couldn't a law be passed or rejected by the initiative, if the legislature or the Congress, at the expense of a few dollars, commissions, a city council, the Legislature or the Congress? Under the full import of the policy, there could do nothing but initiate legislation for adoption or rejection. And if such should be adopted, why not recall the law? If it proves unsatisfactory, why not recall the law? In what way need there be a representative form of government at all? The doctrine is socialistic, and in all socialist party have the courage to be consistent into their platform. There is no room for a straddler in debating this question, and a man who at eaches no important principle is a dodger. With the drift with any kind of ambition, he thinks will aid his personal ambitions.

One distinguished champion of this so-called doctrine modifies his advocacy of the decision in the case of the courts. If the decision of some judge offends a minority or even a majority of the people of any State, or subdivision of a State, he suggests the "recall" of the obnoxious opinion of the judge, rather than the recall of the judge himself. The judge might please the people nine times out of ten, but if he destroys the judge for committing one mistake? Why not recall the mistake? That seems to be his idea; then I ask why have any judge, why not "initiate" recall?

a construction of the law and then "refer" it to a vote to ascertain if such construction was what the people meant when they initiated the law and adopted it?

Fathers Repudiated It. The policy of anarchy, disorder, chaos and insecurity. It is dangerous to the permanency of the law and leaves the individual in the pursuit of happiness at the mercy of agitators and to the caprice of changing opinions perhaps of but a small proportion of the whole community or of the whole State. Other nations and peoples have tried it, and history tells us, but with different results. Washington, Franklin, Madison, Hamilton and other founders and fathers of our government and Constitution considered it, discussed it and rejected it. They had before them the ex-

experience of other nations and profited by
 it. Governor Randolph of Virginia, when
 he offered his resolution in 1776, at the
 Philadelphia convention that met in Philadel-
 phia, included in their provisions for
 the recall of Congressmen. But when
 that clause and the principles of it were
 passed upon, it was rejected unanimously.
 Every one of the States objected to
 the investigation of the conduct of the
 members of the delegates was unanimous, as
 is disclosed by the minutes of the con-
 stitutional convention. For myself, I will
 abide the wisdom of men like Washington,
 Madison and Benjamin Franklin.
 The task of setting up a new govern-
 ment was a great one, but no set of men
 ever showed greater wisdom and fore-
 sight than they.—
 Men whom the lust of office does not kill
 Men whom the spoils of office could
 not buy
 Men who possessed opinions and a will,
 Men who had honor, men who would

The recall would make moral cowards out of men for they could be recalled for doing right just as well as for doing wrong; they could be recalled for enforcing the law just as well as for neglecting it. No man might be kept in office just as easily by corrupt influence and by appealing and fawning upon such, as they could be put out of office by the same means. Every issue itself would make truculent and political cowards out of some men. I prefer to speak out my views of opposition to the law, and to be opposed to it, than to be opposed to it. It is not an issue of importance. Any coward can fall in with any cause. The law needs men of courage to defend the right when the crowd is against them.

Many of the States are experimenting with the policy, and it is not a new thing in municipal government in Texas. But, has it been more than an experiment? I think it has been more than that, and I think it has reigned. Discussing the operation of the policy in his State, the Governor of South Dakota told the passage by the Legislature of a measure which would restrict the power of his State. When the Legislature adjourned, 15 per cent of the voters of the State, as provided by law may be done in the State, petitioned that the law be enacted. A wealthy and influential citizen of the State very much opposed to this particular measure, perhaps on account of a selfish interest, was instrumental in convincing the men, put them on horses and sent them out to get the necessary signers to his referendum petition. He got the necessary signers under the law, the next succeeding general election, nearly two years off. If I understood the Governor of South Dakota aright, he said this wealthy man paid as high as a referendum petition, and secured the required number to put off the law for nearly two years. Another instance is much carried

that State were the same. One of the principal industries of Oregon is salmon fishing in the Columbia river. The salmon fishermen in the lower part of the river caught the fish with nets in the upper part. The fishermen in the lower river fishermen wanted a law to prohibit the taking of fish in the river with traps, so they initiated a law to prohibit catching them with traps, and the Legislature passed the act. The fishermen in the upper river wanted to prohibit net fishing in the river, and initiated a bill to that effect. The Legislature was also passed. At the next general State election, the partisans of both bills worked with their friends to secure the adoption of their measure, and the result was that both bills were adopted. The same could legally follow their calling. Evidently the people generally did not understand the laws, and voted for them just as their friends, without intelligent consideration of what they were doing. In some States, as in South Dakota, for illustration, all the referendum acts of the Legislature are printed at length on the ballot. I have seen a ballot from South Dakota which was nearly seven feet long, twelve inches wide and printed in small type that would take the voter nearly a whole day to read.

I believe under the rule of the people, and under our present policy they do control affairs in Texas. Our Constitution provides for short terms of office, and the Legislature, State, county or city, elects one-third every two years; in some of the cities, and in all of the towns, one-half of the council and officers are elected every year. This is done to prevent, but with the other half there may be a change every month and a small percentage of the voters can keep up perpetual strife and political excitement, and much harm and no good be accomplished. Our officers are not qualified party men, but are well-qualified party voter has an opportunity to express his choice. After he is nominated, the people elect him at the general election. Then we have the people rule it. If you had the other system, a few not only the power to bring on an election for the enactment of a law of their own making, and public recall of an honest and able public officer, but you did not also confer upon a small per cent of interested persons the power to defeat a meritorious law by the referendum? To my mind, the proposed innovation would place more dangers to the rights of the individual than to the rights of the government. We have a sound and proven policy of government we now have. Certainly no country on earth has ever made greater progress than has ours; no country has ever so long maintained its independence as ours. We have more reliable man than ours; none has ever accomplished more for the happiness and moral well-being than ours. There is no reason why we should imitate them and abandon it now. I am distressed if for the theories that have distracted, destroyed and ruined other countries centuries ago?

Promises Made and Kept.

My enemies do not charge failure to keep any promise made, but to the people of the country has been made to live up to every one of them. If they have not been completely accomplished, it was because special effort had to be made to bring about their fulfillment. I will examine the statutes passed, you will find that the legislative rest promises have been given you.

Our provisions are very strong and efficient, and I do most believe we need one that the people demand further. This time, but legislation along the same line, but the people be given time to adjust themselves to the laws we already have, and rest from the passage of new ones; the confidence and certainty; precedes and follows their enactments. This from my message to the Legislature was in line with the plan form adopted by the Legislature, Examination of the records of the administration will find the promise fully accomplished. Some seemed to think they could not administration thing undertaken.

The "rest" was meant for the public's benefit; my enemies seem to console themselves with the thought that could have been done, but I undertook to do, that such course, on their part, would defeat this policy of legislative rest. But such course on the part of the Legislature would have been plowing up the field of "untried laws and legislative theories of governmental interference with the business affairs of the citizen."

In my opening speech at Wichita Falls in March, 1910, for the Democratic nomination, the promises made under the policy which we were as follows:

"Let us protect labor in all its just demands on organized capital; and promote organized labor by the establishment of trade unions; develop from the vengeance of predatory politicians; encourage the development of the fish and oyster businesses on our coast; improve our churches, schools and colleges; build good roads and paved streets; develop our cities and towns and give employment to idle hands; grow up a department to look after the protection of public health; for the care of the insane, for the education of the deaf and dumb and blind children; for the support of adequate provisions for the militia, but keep

The record will show the fulfillment of a liberal share of these promises, and recommendations were made for the fulfillment of them all.

"Meet You Half Way."

A majority of the Legislature, in both branches, seemed bent on antagonizing the administration. They seemed to have no other attitude toward the executive, and it was freely asserted that there should be no "political peace." In my brief inaugural address, I earnestly invited the co-operation of all departments in matters of difference on public questions and of administration. I was willing to discuss them with opponents, and told them that the administration had no disposition to accept the invitation which was made in good faith, although we were members of "one house." The Legislature, however, had been adopted or the invitation accepted, the spirit of just compromise over differences in matters for which the majority seemed bent on making

and displayed as political issues. "That is not what they want," one member said to me, "they will not agree to anything less than their own way of doing things." I put up my radical measures which they know you will not approve, for the purpose of making political capital of it for the campaign against your administration. I am being put forth to create the impression that the lack of harmony between the Governor's office and that of some of the department heads was due to the fact that I was not telling the truth; it was due to the influence and connivance of my predecessor and of those allied with him, than to any other cause, perhaps. It is my duty to tell the truth, to discredit my administration and keep it embroiled in controversy with antagonistic department heads, or with the legislative policy. Regarding this, I have no leaves to give. I am not a man who can leave. I could not, with self-respect, of course, surrender the prerogatives and authority of the Governor's office to the legislature. I am confident that the record will amply show that I have on all proper occasions offered to co-operate with them in the enforcement of the law.

As I have said, by certain influences who were chained at my success, and who were unable to dictate and control the gubernatorial succession. In this same influence against me, I have found difficulty in getting along and working harmoniously with the Treasury Department, with the Agricultural Department, and all other departments, except those dominated by the heads of the State departments. This influence herein referred to, the heads of the State departments had fostered, and encouraged, the candidacy of some one of my opponents for the noniennial two years ago. Failing in the attempt to elect him, they resorted to the expedient declared that I should have opposition for a second term, if he had to run himself against me.

On the Golden Rule Basis.

I asked the Legislature, and all others, to copy the Golden Rule into the Golden Rule basis. There never was a fairer rule for the conduct of men than that, but the opposition would not accept it. Instead, the rule of antagonism and bitterness took its place. That has been the rule of the Legislature for the business activities of the people, but there was need for amendment and perfecting some of those already on the statute books, but the time that has been so profitably employed in considering measures for the perfection and simplifying our laws was spent in wrangling and promoting political programs.

Public Education. The concluding remarks of the regular session of the Thirty-second Legislature, the following statement was made by me: "An educated citizenship, with a proper regard for the rights of the mind, is the best guarantee of good government." But our laws upon this subject are very deficient. They ought to be so amended as to permit the people of each county, by majority vote of property taxpayers, to supplement the revenues of the county to pay for the property tax. In such counties then, where the people would want to improve their schools and make the terms longer, and where the State and the private school believe the common schools will ever be what they should until this policy is adopted. At present the State available funds are appropriated to the common schools on the basis of a scholastic population and measured by the benefits received; the system operates unfairly. Take a roll call of the counties, the average term ending August 31, 1909, the school term was 112 days, and the average per capita per pupil of average attendance in common schools was \$56.00. In El Paso county, the average of the term was 166 days, and the average per pupil was \$65.00. This illustrates the inequality of the present system. I contributed to the State school fund on the per capita basis by counties. I advocated a separate tax in 1906, and believe such provision hereafter should be made. I believe the funds derived from the State will greatly stimulate local pride in the schools, secure better school buildings and better teachers, and increase the local interest in schools. We will do more to build them up and increase their efficiency than all the selfishness of the State can do. I assert about the magnificent State fund.

Policy Followed.

Since I have been Governor, the State Board of Education adopted the policy of giving preference to school districts in purchasing permanent school bonds from the permanent school fund. From February 1, 1911, to April 10, 1912, one hundred and eighty-seven issues of school district bonds have been purchased by the Board, at \$1,580,000. Invested in this way this money has been distributed to school houses have been built in that many districts. It is a fact, to be lamented, that, while over 60 per cent of the scholastic population in this State is in communities where the school is in the hands of the State, only 25 per cent of the school property of the State belongs to the common schools of the districts, and 72 per cent to districts with less than 40 per cent of the school children. A change in the policy followed by the majority of the property owners would enable the building of better school houses for the protection of

Scholastic Age. Some advocate increasing the age limit to 21 years. Were this done, it would reduce the term in the common school districts. Under existing laws, it is provided the trustees of district schools may increase the school age in independent districts. This law confers authority up on the school board of any city or town voting a tax in addition to the pro rata of the available school fund received by a town for the school fund. The school age to 21 years, or more, if they deem advisable. According to the last scholastic census of the State 358,393 resided in independent districts. Obviously, this is a wise policy and favorable to the general school laws, giving to school trustees of each independent or common school district power to increase the age in their district, not, as in their judgment, to serve the best interest of the people of their district.

In my humble judgment, it would be wise to make similar provisions for compulsion of attendance of children in the school age, and I would approve a bill giving to school boards and school trustees power to adopt rules requiring attendance of the children of the trustees who are familiar with local conditions could better judge of the need of the application of such a law. This question can be better handled by the people of the State than by the local self-government plan than it could be done by a hard and fast rule applying to all the State, without any discretion upon the part of the people of the State. For several communities the good results of the proposition could be obtained in this way in communities where the application of the law would be helpful, and in communities where it would be a hardship, the people would not vote the law upon themselves.

The Text Book Law.

My measure to the regular and special sessions of the Legislature urged the passage of a text book law which would exclude the lobbying and "influence man" from the counsel and presence of the teachers in the special session, the Legislature passed the best text book law yet enacted by any of the States. The bill as passed contained several important features. It was not accused of selfishly seeking the power of appointments. But the com-

tery is true. My predecessor, Mr. C. H. B. Bly, the present book law, because he did not confer with the board, gave direct authority to select the text book board. The bill which was passed was drawn before the special session of 1912, and all its details known to no one but the draft of the bill and the provision giving the Governor absolute and unrestricted control of the appointments on the board just as my predecessor insisted on having it. But I insist that the bill provide for the creation of a committee of three whose duty it should be to select a given number of names of competent school teachers of experience at least, and these should be submitted to the Governor on the first day of August, 1912, under seal and cover; that on or before August 15 the Governor should break the seal and the committee should submit its list. I was anxious to remove the selection of the Board as far as possible from political or selfish influences. Under the new law I am confident that the selection will be at least as impartial as the manner of their selection, and no scandal attaching to it resulting from their labors. I hope to see books adopted on their merit, and not on the basis of their relation to the books that can be obtained for them, and as far as it is in my power to prevent it, no unworthy motive shall influence their selection. In a good system, the books adopted and in use are in favor of a further amendment to the school laws which will provide that in every independent district levying a local tax, the school books for the year shall be furnished them with their local funds and furnish them to all pupils of scholastic grade free of cost to the pupil under such regulations as the board of trustees shall determine. The small average daily attendance of children in the public schools, or the small percentage of those entitled to the benefit of the law, is a serious matter. The school, shows conclusively that some further provisions and requirement of law are needed to bring this benefit to them. The idle child ought to have a book put in his hands and require to attend school.

School Laws Enacted. During my administration a number of wholesome school laws were enacted. Among them rural high school laws, which permits the organization of rural high schools in common school districts, and making an appropriation therefore, which will bring better school facilities to those rural districts. The districts where such improvement is desired by the people. The new law relating to teachers' certificates is a marked advance in that direction. The county line school districts have been a question which has been very perplexing. The law empowering the commissioners' courts of the several counties to establish and maintain a school district, and to divide the county where scientific methods of farming may be taught and demonstrated, is a good one. An amendment submitted to the people in the next general election, which will give the boards of regents and boards of trustees or managers of each educational institution six instead of two years, ought to be adopted. A bill creating the State normal school board of regents for the management of all the State normal schools was passed. All these measures were recommended to the legislative session, and were passed in a regular and special session. They mark an

of progress in this State. I urged the Legislature to take steps making provision for separate income for the State, and for the purpose of higher learning. A measure for the accomplishment of this object was lost sight of through the wrangling of the Legislature over political policies of less substantial importance.

The University.

Special effort is now being made to appeal to the prejudice of every class of persons in the State "especially interested in any particular thing." Stripped of this desire, the opposition to my renomination of the University would have nothing whatever upon which to hang a hope. But in most cases statements made are so grossly inaccurate as to amount to reckless disregard for the truth, and so grossly heinous, that it is an appropriation for the University and it is helpless." Let us see how much truth there is in this declaration. I did veto an item for the University and expected the Senate, at being compelled to do so, to regret it. The Governor's predecessor had allowed all public buildings and institutions to suffer for needed repairs and improvements in order that an unjustifiable reduction might be made in the rate of tax. But an undue increase in the tax rate, I felt impelled by the people to reduce the appropriation bill by veto, but stated my willingness to grant deficiency allowances as the bill passed. The amount left in the bill was not enough to meet the requirements for efficient administration. The truth is, the bill, with items vetoed in it, carried the largest appropriations for educational purposes of any bill ever enacted in this State, as the following figures will show.

The following shows the appropriations approved by the Governors named and for the years given:

Sage's first term (1901-2).	\$265,000.00
Laubman's first term (1903-5).	346,013.32
Laubman's second term (1905-7).	246,500.00
Campbell's first term (1907-9).	310,500.00
Campbell's second term (1909-11).	500,000.00
Cookin's first term (1911-3).	290,000.00

The foregoing shows the amounts of the legislative appropriations approved for twelve years. My predecessor attended to the hundred and thirty-one dollars of the appropriation for the last two years of his term, but afterwards consented that it might be used. But no consideration for this increased amount was held for the University. The rate, and it represents a part of the deficiency which my administration had to bear in raising revenue for the present year. It seems not to be generally known that the University constitution prohibits the use of money raised by taxation in erecting buildings for the University. They can be built and furnished only out of the income from the permanent University fund. The constitution permits appropriations out of the general revenue for support but not for buildings. The Board of Regents unexpectedly will have to reimburse the nurses' hospital of the medical and dental Graduate Medical School, which it does come from their available University fund. They applied for a deficiency of fifty thousand dollars for the support of the University of Medicine, and by reason of this unexpected demand upon their available revenue, and their application has been granted. So, really, the amount approved by me for the University of Medicine is \$75,000. Does this look very much like "striking it down?"

Wild Statements. This is not all of the wild statements. One man so far forgot the truth as to say that the Board of Regents appointed by me was composed of "proper business men" in management of the affairs of the University. It has been customary for each succeeding Governor to appoint a Board of Regents. My predecessor did so, as did his predecessor, and so on. The present board, composed of Clarence Ousley of Port Worth, Alexander Sanger of Dallas, Jos. Faust of New Braunfels, W. H. Stark of Orange, Geo. W. Littenfeld and J. M. H. Smith of Austin, and J. W. Cook of San Antonio and W. H. Burgess of El Paso, will for one moment credit statements reflecting upon the business ability of these men. Two of them are leading interests in the State, and the others, business men of large experience, have been distinctive successes in their own vocations, and the record shows they have successfully man-

For the first two years of the administration of my predecessor the appropriations approved for the A. and M. College amounted to \$346,500.000, and for his second term \$219,500.00, or a total for the two fiscal years of the present administration the legislative appropriations approved by me amounted to \$564,500.00, or only \$1,400 less than for the two years of his administration, and if the amount approved for building the mess hall is added, the total for the two years amounts to \$564,450.00, or \$34,450.00 more than was allowed during the two years of his administration. In addition the allowances approved for the A. and M. College, and the University, the money available for use of all the State educational institutions, and \$730,000.00 for the present administration, is \$1,966,700.00 greater than the sums appropriated for the same institutions during the first term of my predecessor, and \$730,000.00 greater than for the second term. A rural high school law was passed with one hundred thousand dollars appropriated to aid in equipping departments for teaching agriculture, and for teaching, and domestic science. Under this law two hundred high schools have been established and the country schools in more than one hundred and fifty counties. The State board of education, and the county boards of education. The appropriation for public schools is \$6.50 per capita this year, and is the highest ever

GUILT IS PERSONAL

A SKETCH OF GOV. HARMON

Has Had an Active Career in
Various Public Capacities.

Judson Harmon was born at Newton, Hamilton County, Ohio, Feb. 3, 1846. He was the son of a Baptist preacher, whose loyalty to the church is responsible for his given name, Judson. He began the practice of law after graduating from the Denison University and the Cincinnati Law School. At the age of 30 years he was elected Judge of the Common Pleas Court of Hamilton County, and two years later was elected a Judge of the Supreme Court of Cincinnati, but resigned in 1887 to become a law partner to Ex-Gov. Hoadley, and, with this firm, built up a practice that placed him at the head of his profession in the State. During his great career as a lawyer he never accepted employment from a corporation in a case against the people.

In 1885 he was chosen as a member of Cleveland's Cabinet and it fell to him to defend the Sherman anti-trust law, but then recently passed by Congress, and through his efforts in the trans-Mississippi cases and others, the law was established and made an efficient agency in controlling illegal combinations in restraint of trade.

Theodore Roosevelt, recognizing his ability as a lawyer, appointed him, together with F. N. Judson of St. Louis, to investigate the alleged violations against the practice of rebating by the Santa Fe Railroad in favor of the Colorado Fuel, Coal and Iron Company. The late Paul Morton, at that time a member of Roosevelt's cabinet, had formerly been at the head of the traffic department of the Santa Fe during the period when, it was charged, rebates had been made amounting to \$1,000,000 within a period of less than two years, and they quickly ascertained that Mr. Morton and his associates were responsible and held that they should be brought into the investigation personally, but to this President Roosevelt objected on the ground that the corporation was responsible and not the individuals. This gave rise to the famous epigram of Gov. Harmon: "Guilt is always personal," adding, "that so long as officials can hide behind their corporations no remedy can be effected. When the Government searches out the guilty man and makes corporate wrongdoing mean personal punishment and dishonor, the law will be obeyed." Mr. Roosevelt finally refused to allow Harmon and Judson to pursue any other course than an action against the corporation, which would have resulted in whitewashing Mr. Roosevelt's friends.

Was Railroad Receiver.

As receiver of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Pere Marquette Railroads Judson Harmon so successfully managed these properties that he was able to restore them to their stockholders without the loss of a single dollar to stockholder, creditor or employee.

In 1908, over his own personal protest, he was selected as a candidate for Governor of Ohio and was elected by a majority of over 19,000; the State Treasurer being the only other Democratic official elected at that time. In the same election, William Jennings Bryan was defeated by 70,000 votes. Nicholas Longworth sounded the alarm to the Republican party when he stated on the floor of the Republican convention of Ohio in 1910, that Gov. Harmon must be defeated or he would be the next Democratic President of the United States. Taft's Cabinet and Roosevelt stumped the State for Harding, the Republican candidate for Governor; but Gov. Harmon was elected by a majority of 100,337 votes, carrying with him the entire State ticket, both Houses of the Legislature and sixteen Congressmen.

Favors State Rights.

Gov. Harmon has always held that the Federal Government should not be allowed to overstep its activities; but that the people of each State should conduct for themselves a commonwealth according to their own conception without interference on the part of the Federal Government. The Governors in their annual conference selected him as the head of a committee of three of their number to present this matter to the Supreme Court of the United States, wherein it was thought that the Federal Government had encroached upon the rights of the State in violation of the Federal Constitution. This brief was prepared and has lately been presented by Gov. Harmon in the case of *Knots vs. Railway Companies* and others.

When he was elected Governor in 1908 he instituted an investigation into the conduct of State affairs, disclosing grafting in many of the public offices of the State. At his instance proceedings were instituted and large sums recovered and paid into the State Treasury, and a number of indictments

found against individuals; some of whom are now serving their sentences in the Ohio State penitentiary.

After he was renominated he went before the people on his record and asked them to give him a Democratic Legislature. This they did, but his enemies, alert and active, set about to accomplish, especially in the upper branch of the assembly, the defeat of his reform measures.

Some Laws He Passed.

Whisperings of bribery and corruption were common and investigations were begun, resulting in the indictment of a number of its members. So convincing was the proof of corruption that some of the indicted pled guilty. One of the State Senators was convicted and is now in the penitentiary and others are under indictment. After the commotion caused by these exposures, most of the measures demanded by Gov. Harmon were quickly enacted into laws, which briefly stated are as follows:

1. A bill providing that the names of nominees for all judicial offices shall appear on the ballots without party designation of any kind.
2. A bill embodying the Oregon plan, which provides for the direct nomination and election of Senators.
3. A bill requiring all delegates to the constitutional convention in 1912 to be nominated and elected on a strictly non-partisan basis.
4. A bill limiting the tax rate to 1 per cent and other tax reform measures.



GOV. JUDSON HARMON, OF OHIO

ures providing the necessary machinery for placing all property on the tax duplicate upon a full rendition basis.

5. A bill abolishing the boards of trustees of seventeen State institutions and placing the management of all institutions in the hands of one central board, consisting of two Democrats and two Republicans.
6. A bill creating a State compensation fund from which money will be paid employees injured and dependents of employees killed at their work. Employers are to contribute 50 per cent to the state fund and the employees 10 per cent.
7. "Back to the farm" measure, providing that agriculture shall be taught in the common schools of the State outside of cities.
8. A bill to establish a woman's reformatory, where younger women and girls will be separated from the hardened women criminals in the women's prison.

9. A bill limiting the working hours of women employed to fifty-four hours a week, with not more than ten hours in any one day.
10. A bill providing stringent penalties for illegal registration. Directed particularly against "floater" and city "flap-houses."
11. Ratification of the income tax amendment to the Federal Constitution.
12. A measure considered a better utilities bill for the public than those of Wisconsin, New York and New Jersey. Permits telephone merges, but State commission must fix valuations and rates before merges are perfected. Permits appeal to the commission on rates for gas, electricity and water.
13. A measure giving the State Factory Inspector the right to close up factories not properly equipped to protect their employees from fire.
14. A measure regulating the amount of money a candidate may spend and throwing other safeguards around elections.
15. A measure which requires signatures of 30 per cent of the voters of a municipality for the initiative and 15 per cent for the referendum.
16. A measure was enacted abolishing boards of county infirmaries directors of three members each in eighty-eight Ohio counties and turning their duties over to County Commissioners, thus making a saving of \$275,000 a year.
17. Congress was memorialized to call a convention to provide for the direct election of United States Senators.
18. A law was enacted which will insure the honest handling of all State money by depositing in banks under the competitive bidding plan.

Blest with a strong body and a sound constitution, he has been able to perform the arduous labors and to assume the heavy responsibilities which have fallen to him during a long and active career without drawing upon his reserve forces. He possesses the activity and strength, mental and physical, common to men twenty years his junior. In him we find the ripened judgment of the man of combined with the vigor and energy of the man of 45.

WILSON WANTS BRYAN KNOCKED INTO A COCKED HAT.

If Wilson is to be given a clearance, many Democrats who have been denied standing room only in party councils, must be extended a hand of party fellowship, for Wilson's sins against party, as it were, have been great beyond most men whose purpose and intentions have been decried and denied.

One of Mr. Wilson's indiscretions occurred so recently as five years ago, coming April. President Joliffe of the M. & T. Railway, made a speech in which he attacked Mr. Bryan for the latter's alleged "vagaries." In his speech Mr. Joliffe criticised Mr. Bryan for utterances which the railway man quoted as follows:

"The public has shown no disposition to reduce railroad earnings to a point which would deny a reasonable return."

"The trouble is that the railroads have watered the stock and have compelled the public to pay dividends and interest upon fictitious capitalization."

"I am still of the opinion that there is no just basis for measuring the value of railroads except the cost of reproduction, that being the basis upon which all other business must rest."

A copy of this speech was sent to the then President Wilson of Princeton. The professor "read it with relish and entire agreement," and addressed to Joliffe the following letter:

"President's Room, Princeton, N. J., April 29, 1907."

My Dear Joliffe: Thank you very much for sending me your address at Parsons, Kans., before the board of directors of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad Company. I have read it with relish and entire agreement. Would that we could do something at once dignified and effective to knock Mr. Bryan once for all into a cocked hat. Cordially and sincerely yours, "WOODROW WILSON."

It was just after Judge Parker was defeated in 1904 that President Wilson addressed the Virginia Society of New York. At that time he said:

"It is now the duty of the Southern Democrats to assume a pre-eminent place in the councils of the party and read out of the party the alien element that has been in control since 1896. . . . It is up to the Southern Democrats to rid the party of the leaders who undertook to commit the party to radical experiments, and up to Southern Democrats to see to it that the party should stand for the administration of governmental affairs in accordance with ancient institutions."

The quotations are presented merely to show that Wilson has not been regular since 1896. Those who seek the building up of the party, will pass the letters as incidents in political life. If Mr. Bryan overlooks them, there is no party leader to complain. All that the rank and file will ask or expect is that all other men be given the same consideration. It's not what men were, but what they are. At the same time, nominations must be made with the availability of the candidate under consideration. What effect these letters would have at the polls is a matter for serious thought. But there is no reason to deny him admittance to party councils as a full-fledged member. If Mr. Bryan so concludes much has been accomplished towards party success. It has long been hoped that the dead past would be allowed to bury its dead.—From the Daily Times-Tribune, Waterloo, Iowa.

Reduced Taxes

The Marion (Ohio) Mirror.

Individual property owners in Defiance County, especially farmers and home owners, who have paid the first half of their 1911 taxes have had visible and convincing evidence of both the constructiveness and progressiveness of the Harmon administration.

When the property owners walked to the treasurer's window and were given their tax bills, they were surprised at the smallness of them. They asked whether the treasurer had not omitted something. They had read about the tax program which Governor Harmon had obtained through the Democratic generally assembly in Columbus, but they were not ready to believe that reductions of from 20 to 50 per cent in their taxes would be made as a direct result of these new tax laws. But the county treasurer's tax bills and his assurances that all property was included were uncontradictable arguments that the new measures had brought these large reductions.

Statistics obtained from Defiance County show that in 1911 real estate owners will pay \$17,655.76 less taxes than they did the previous year, while individual owners of personal property will pay \$20,116.40 less this year than they did last. That means a reduction of nearly \$40,000 in a single year in the taxes of the individual property owners in Defiance County, and the saving to each one of them is considerable.

Wealthy corporation that had not been paying their just share of the taxes of the county, on whom the additional payment will fall but lightly,

will make up in increased payments the reductions the individual property owner obtained.

For years politicians and candidates for public offices had been promising to equalize the taxes—the men now loudest in their advocacy of progressive principles among them—but no one had ever undertaken the task until Judson Harmon was inaugurated governor, and he accomplished it without roar of trumpets or political stage play, and with the approval of all classes of property owners.

ORANGE JUDD COMPANY

Publishers and Importers of all Standard Books Pertaining to Rural Affairs. Combined Circulation 425,000 Copies Weekly.

Mr. A. V. Abernathy, Columbus, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

I very likely did not express myself very clearly about my experience with the tax situation in Ohio. In my conversation with Mr. Sandles, I had said that I had been so enthusiastic over Governor Harmon's progressive policies and his splendid ability to get results in the interest of the people, that I had made use of the facts very frequently, both editorially and in public addresses. I have not published my experience in relation to taxes as yet, because I had just learned the facts when in Ohio recently. I shall make use of this, however, before long.

The facts as related to Mr. Sandles are as follows: Our farm in Perry County, like other farms in the State, was assessed at a fairly high rate compared with other property in the State.

At the then prevailing tax rate, our farm, like other farms, was compelled to pay in taxes a sum much larger, evidently, than other property. Under the Harmon tax plan, the farm has been assessed at its full value, but the rate was cheaper. Our taxes are actually 25% less on this farm than they were during all the years past, as long back as I can remember. I do not know who the appraisers were, but I know their appraisal represented the real value, since it is higher than rated in the settlement of my father's estate. As there were other heirs at that time interested, I am confident that the heirs called for as high an appraisal as they considered the property to be worth, so that the tax appraisal, which is even higher than this other appraisal, certainly must represent its real value.

The fact that this property is assessed at its real value and that the taxes are less than they were under the old method of taxation is a clear indication that farm lands have been taxed out of proportion to their real value, and that farmers in the State of Ohio have been paying an unjust proportion of State taxes. This condition existed until changed by a Governor in sympathy with the farmer side.

I am confident that this act of Governor Harmon is appreciated by every farmer of the State, and is the best indication I have of his friendship to American farmers, and of his sincere, firm belief that the farmer is entitled to a square deal. The result of the working out of the Ohio law has made me so enthusiastic about the possibilities and so convinced am I that this is a true solution of the tax question, that I am going to advocate the Ohio plan for all parts of the country. The tax problem is fundamental. The feeling has prevailed for many years that farmers have been paying an excessive and unjust share of them. The protection they get from the taxes is less than other interests get, and as indicated by my own personal experience with Ohio taxes, farmers have been contributing from 25 to 30% in taxes more than other interests, when this money should have been saved to them and put in their own pockets. Had this been done years ago, as from now on it will be, it would have been the saving of millions of dollars to Ohio farmers.

I say God bless your Governor! He stands out the real champion of the people. He has fought for a square deal for the American farmer. I am, Very truly yours,

C. W. BURKETT,
Editor American Agriculturist.

FIGHTING ON FOR WILSON

He is Surprised, But Helpers Explain Illinois Vote.—Exceptional Conditions, Says Head Campaign Manager.—Clark's Primary Victory Attributed Largely to Hearst Papers.—Prediction of Success in the Other State Contests.

(New York Evening Post.)

While Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, according to Chicago dispatches, was saying candidly today that his defeat in yesterday's Illinois primaries was a surprise to him, his campaign managers here in New York made it plain that the fight in his behalf would continue unabated, and that they did not expect the Illinois result to spoil their chances in other States. They also asserted that they had not expected the unfavorable showing in Illinois and were inclined to blame W. R. Hearst's newspapers largely for the Clark victory.

"I am very much surprised," was what the Chicago dispatch quoted Wilson as saying. "I expected to carry Illinois."

At the New York headquarters, No. 42 Broadway, the campaign managers said they did not think that the Illinois defeat would be fatal to Gov. Wilson's candidacy; and they even said they had not counted on Illinois in the calculations on which they based the expectation of Wilson's nomination for the Presidency.

"This is not the end of the fight, by any means," said William F. McCombs, the headquarters manager. "It is going to solidify the Wilson sentiment and bring the issues to a point. If Clark has been defeated he would have been a dead cock in the pit; but the same is not true of the Governor. We had not counted on Illinois. The Governor will be nominated without it."

"Illinois is exceptional—a State in which the Clark forces were entrenched. It is a neighbor of Clark's native State, Missouri. And the whole political organization of the State was against us. Roger Sullivan, the Democratic State leader, announced at the eleventh hour that he was for Wilson, but we have private advices that lead us to believe he is really for Judson Harmon. In short, we were up against Hearst-Clark-Lorimer-Sullivan-Harmon combination which couldn't be beaten."

Interests Favoring Clark.

"The primary was a snap primary, got up on two weeks' notice; and there wasn't time to do any effective work for the Governor at such long range."

A letter received from a prominent lawyer in Mattoon, Ill., had the following postscript:

"The interests are all favoring Champ Clark here, the railroads and all, and they are scattering Clark literature by the sackful."

McCombs was asked whether he thought Gov. Wilson would fare better in other States which were to hold primaries in the near future.

"I certainly do," said he. "We are just as hopeful of Pennsylvania, Nebraska, and Oregon as we ever were. The defeat in Illinois simply means that we must fight the harder. It ought to show plainly enough for anybody to understand that a vote for Clark means a vote for Hearst. Does the Democratic party want to name as its choice a marionette of Hearst? Does it want a man who, as the newspapers are remarking, has never expressed his opinion on any issue of national importance except the kickin' 'round of houn's? Or does it want a man of independence, courage, and intelligence? That is the issue that the Illinois result places squarely before the country."

"I WOULD WEAR MY HANDS TO THE BONE IN THE REPUBLICAN PARTY RATHER THAN WORK FOR CHAMP CLARK AS DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY, WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST AS SECRETARY OF STATE. I KNOW A THOUSAND OTHER GOOD DEMOCRATS THAT WOULD DO THE SAME."

Gov. Harmon on the Tariff Issue.

The statement of the Harmon Texas Campaign Committee that Gov. Harmon is opposed to the doctrine of free raw material has been questioned by some of Gov. Wilson's supporters. In a speech made by him at Boston on September 9th, 1911, while criticizing the Republican administration on the tariff issue he used the following language:

"In applying the principle of reciprocity, as in everything else, Democrats insist on fair treatment to all on the basis of equal rights and privileges. The agreement which the President had made with Canada applied chiefly to agricultural products. The farmers of the country, being scattered, unorganized and represented, if at all, by men lacking the skill and reach which others bring to bear in their own behalf, got the worst of it as usual. They were the first to be put outside the pale of 'protection' for their products whose benefits have so long been alluringly held before them. But they were left to go paying 'protective' prices for what they have to buy, just the same as ever. And to emphasize the discrimination wheat was freed of duty, while flour was not. Live stock and poultry were left to go on paying 'protective' prices for what they have to use for railroads, telegraphs, paper pulp, etc., were relieved of duty, while shingles, lath, etc., which farmers require, were taxed."

Thus squarely Gov. Harmon plants himself against the doctrine of free raw material which discriminates against the producer in favor of the manufacturer.

RICE MAXEY.

GUILT IS PERSONAL

GUILT IS PERSONAL

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VERY IMPORTANT!

Don't Fail to Attend the Precinct Convention at Your Voting Box Saturday, May 4th.

For Public Information, Section 139 of the Terrell Election Law reads as follows:

"Precinct Conventions shall be held between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 8 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 4th. These Precinct Conventions shall elect delegates to the County Conventions, which shall be held on the first Tuesday in May, same being the 7th day of May. The qualified voters of each voting precinct shall assemble on the date named, presided over by the Precinct Chairman; if Precinct Chairman is not present, the members of the party there assembled shall elect a chairman; who shall be a qualified voter in said election precinct. The chairman of said convention shall possess all power and authority that is given to election judges under the provisions of this act. No person shall be permitted to vote or take part in the business of such convention unless he is a qualified voter in said precinct. After the convention is organized, it shall elect delegates to the County Convention and transact such other business as may properly come before it. The officers of said convention shall keep a written record of its proceedings, including a list of delegates to the County Convention, which record shall constitute the returns of said convention. The same shall be signed officially, sealed up and transmitted by the officers thereof to the Chairman of the County Executive Committee.

"The basis of representation of the precincts in the Convention is one vote for every fifty votes cast in the last preceding primary election for Governor, or major fraction thereof, but every precinct is entitled to one vote. The basis of representation of the counties in the State Convention is one vote for every three hundred votes cast in the last preceding primary election for Governor, or major fraction thereof."

INTERVIEW FROM JUDGE RICE MAXEY OF SHERMAN

Judge Rice Maxey stated that while he did not have much to give out, he sees in the Daily Press that Hon. Wm. J. Bryan is now speaking in Ohio, Governor Harmon's native State, and it brings to mind a speech that Mr. Bryan made at the annual banquet of the Columbus, Ohio, Jefferson Club on May 16th, 1909, only seven months after Governor Harmon stumped the State for him in 1908, and on the hustings subordinated his own gubernatorial candidacy to that of the Democratic Presidential Nominee, Col. Wm. J. Bryan on that occasion spoke as follows:

"I am glad to have met your distinguished governor; I have not known him intimately, but my estimation of him grows as I study him. I congratulate your State on having him at its head. Already there is a difference in the way this State is handling the people's money and the way the Republican Party at the head of the Government is handling the people's money to favorite banks and getting back campaign contributions as a result of favoritism."

This is Col. Wm. J. Bryan's judgment of Governor Harmon as a public official, after he was inaugurated Governor, and before he had obtained any of the progressive legislation which has attracted nation-wide attention. The people of Ohio say that developments since the date Col. Bryan pronounced the encomium of Governor Harmon should have strengthened the Nebraska's estimation of him, for the Ohio executive has written into the statutes of his State practically all of the progressive laws the Nebraska has been advocating for sixteen years.

Mr. Bryan, in his recent speech before the Ohio Constitutional Convention, advocated the so-called "Oregon Plan" for the election of United States Senators, an employees' liability law, judicial reforms, direct primaries, income tax and publicity of campaign contributions. While Mr. Bryan has been going about the country advising the adoption of these measures, Governor Harmon has been busy with the Legislature in his own State and as a result of his recommendation and persistent efforts, every one of these progressive measures are now laws in Ohio. In each instance these measures were opposed by a coterie of Democrats, who are now being aided in their fight on Mr. Harmon by Mr. Bryan.

Notwithstanding all these accom-

plishments, which came after Mr. Bryan's commendation of Mr. Harmon in 1909, the Nebraska is opposing the nomination of Governor Harmon for the Presidency because he says his election would be inimical to the interests of the people.

What, in all these years, has Mr. Bryan accomplished for his party or his country? Nothing but defeat for the former, and nothing at all for the latter.

Not one dollar of tax, tariff or other burden has been lifted from labor through his efforts, not a single abuse has been corrected by him, and simply because a majority of the people will not trust him and he is therefore powerless, no difference how well intentioned he may be.

On the other hand, Harmon left a highly lucrative business to accept the nomination for Governor in 1908 and the people trusted him and gave him power. In 1910 after experience of two years with him, the people not only gave him their confidence in a 100,000 majority, but they went further and elected sixteen Democratic Congressmen out of twenty-one and also county officers every where in many counties where a Democratic officer had not been elected since the Civil War. And what has he given the people in return?

No progressive governor in this Union can show such a record as has been achieved by Harmon of Ohio, and this man of achievement, who has done much for the party and for his State is being attacked in his own State and in his own home by Bryan of Nebraska, whose record as I have said, begins and ends with mere talk. But Ohio knows Governor Harmon and what he has done, and I know they will take care of their own.

Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer, Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 13, 1911.

Governor Emmet O'Neal of Alabama precipitated a stormy debate at the first session of the conference of Governors which opened here today by declaring the initiative, referendum and recall movement to be nothing more than an "insidious popular vagary."

As soon as the reactionary Governor from the South finished his address in which he denounced all reforms, which give more power to the majority, the Chief Executives of a half dozen other States were on their feet clamoring for recognition. Prominent among these were Wilson of N.J., Aldrich of Nebraska, McGovern of Wisconsin, Hadley of Missouri and Shafroth of Colorado.

Governor Wilson, as champion of the measure replied to Gov. O'Neal, and the Southern Executive was on his

feet in a moment with an impassioned defense of his position. Governor O'Neal spoke vehemently for ten minutes, bowed, and without a word walked through a casement window to the piazza fronting the ocean. "What's the use of my going back there?" he asked a reporter. "I have already spoken twice and I am limited to two speeches on any one topic." He did not re-enter the convention hall for 15 minutes and took no further part in the discussion. When the conference ended, however, Governor Wilson grasped Governor O'Neal by the hand and remarked that he did not wish to be misunderstood. Governor O'Neal later said that he had stepped to the piazza to meet Mrs. O'Neal, whom he had heard was there. There was no mincing of words in the Alabamian's denunciation of the initiative, referendum and recall.

"There is a movement which seems to be gathering strength in certain sections of the country," he said, "that tends to weaken rather than strengthen executive authority, and that is the system of initiative, referendum and recall."

"The Governor had no power to veto or amend a law initiated by the people and adopted by referendum."

"If the law is in violation of the constitution, invades vested rights or destroys individual liberty, the only remedy can be found in the courts, and where the system of recall of Judges prevails, overthrowing as it does the independence of the judiciary, the courts would degenerate into tribunals organized chiefly to register popular judgment on all legal questions."

It was pleasing to know, he added, that this "insidious popular vagary" will meet with the almost unanimous opposition of the American bar and, "It seems to me," said Governor Wilson, "that on the question of the initiative and referendum it is necessary that we carry the analysis a little further than it has been carried. A very important thing, is the source of the law. Some of the laws that we have are bad and they are bad for the reason that there is a suspicion as to their source. The people of the United States want their Governors to be leaders in matters of legislation, because they have serious suspicions as to the source of the legislation and they have a serious distrust of their legislators."

"What I would urge as against the view of Governor O'Neal is that there is nothing inconsistent between the strengthening of the powers of the Executive and the direct power of the people."

"He spoke of the caprice of the majority." "I have known of instances of the caprice of the mob," he said, "but I have never known of any instance where the vote of the population was spoken as a caprice." "I don't believe there is any distrust of the fundamental principles of Democracy. I believe we are all Democrats if we use a small d." I believe that Governor O'Neal feels as Gov. McGovern feels and we are merely at odds as to the best method of giving expressions with reference to the great public opinion upon which all depend. As Governor Wilson sat down, Gov. O'Neal sprang to his feet and proclaimed the reiteration of his belief and "I would rather stand with Madison and Hamilton," he concluded, after outlining what he believed the menace of the measure, "than to stand with some modern prophets and some of our Western statesmen."

WOODROW WILSON IN SYMPATHY WITH THE NEGRO, BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

In the Jeffersonian of Thompson, Ga., Thomas E. Watson's paper, of April 18th, 1912, the following editorial appeared: "He poses as a Southerner. He claims to be a Georgian, yet when that arrogant nigger Booker Washington was caught by Ulrich peeping through the keyhole of a white woman's bedroom and was appropriately beaten by the white man, Woodrow Wilson was one of the four asinine white celebrities to telegraph consolation and confidence to the nigger. Would a Southerner have done that? Would a Georgian have done it? The honor of a white woman was at stake. The black man had stolen into her dwelling and was lurking at her bedroom door. He may have meant to prowl there until she was asleep, then he may have meant to creep to her bed and forced her—who CAN tell? He fled like the guilty brute he was and Ulrich followed, beating the nigger block after block. Upon his trial before three Northern justices the white man was pro-

nounced not guilty what sort of fix did that leave Booker Washington and Woodrow Wilson, here is the question for you. CAN you support for the Presidency a candidate who took sides with a nigger man against a white woman when a Northern court virtually decided that the NIGGER was about to commit an outrage on a white woman?"

No denial of the facts stated in this editorial having been made, we assume that it states the truth; if so, we heartily concur in the sentiment of the above editorial.

Gov. Harmon on the Tariff Issue.

The statement of the Harmon Texas Campaign Committee that Gov. Harmon is opposed to the doctrine of free raw material has been questioned by some of Gov. Wilson's supporters. In a speech made by him at Boston on September 9th, 1911, while criticizing the Republican administration on the tariff issue he used the following language:

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Thus squarely Gov. Harmon plants himself against the doctrine of free raw material which discriminates against the producer in favor of the manufacturer.

RICE MAXEY.

VERY IMPORTANT

Don't fail to attend the Precinct Convention at your voting box, Saturday, May 4th.

GUILT IS PERSONAL

THE NYAL LINE

is a high class line of Family Medicines, made by one of the largest drug manufacturing houses in the United States. We have the formulas giving each thing used in each remedy, hence it is not a secret patent medicine, but an open formula line of remedies made from the very best medicines to be obtained in the world.

We sell the Nyal line under a guarantee -

**Your Money Back
If You Want It!**

**For Tired, Sore, Sweaty Feet---Try
NYAL'S "EASEM"---25c per Box**

**W. H. WINDROW
Prescription Druggist**

**LARGEST STOCK AND BEST OF EVERYTHING THAT OUGHT
TO BE IN A DRUG STORE IS HERE**

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Get it at Windrow's.
All kinds of nuts at Hutzler's.
Buggies at right prices at Holloway Bros.
All kinds of nice fresh candy. F. A. Heyen.
Get your weeding Hoes from Holloway Bros.
Buy your fruits, candies, etc. at Hutzler's.
Tell your vehicle wants to E. R. Leinweber.
Good Buggies for a little money at Holloway Bros.
Dr. B. B. Liles was here from Hondo Thursday.
Have your clothes cleaned and pressed by C. R. Hoover.
Weeding Hoes, the kind you want, prices right. Holloway Bros.
Six cakes Pure Glycerine Soap for sale at Windrow's Drug Store.
The Henney line is the line that wears. See E. R. Leinweber.
Patronize the Cemetery Dinner next Tuesday and help a good cause.
Get you a new rig and let it be a Henney. Sold by E. R. Leinweber.
W. E. Clark takes, makes, enlarges and frames pictures, at his Studio. tf.
Try a "Quick Meal" gasoline stove and see the difference. Holloway Bros.
See E. R. Leinweber's line of Henney vehicles before making your purchase.
Lost in Hondo, one red sweater. Return to this office and receive reward.
Just in, a large assortment of auto tires. Nearly all sizes. At C. R. Gaines'.
Mrs. J. G. Heyen and little son have returned from an extended visit to Uvalde.
Joe Ney, Aug. Garteiser, Joe Fohn and W. B. Odum were D'Hanis visitors Monday.
Elder Davis filled his monthly appointment at the Christian Church here Sunday.
For Sale, 150 head of Angora Goats, cheap. Apply to Aug. Schreiber, D'Hanis, Texas.

A goodly number from various parts of the county were here Tuesday for the Catholic dinner.
Cooling, Soothing, Antiseptic Yozo Talcum Powder, 15c for a 1 lb. can at Windrow's Drug Store.
Eugene Mofield, Rose Meredith, C. R. Hoover and O. N. Inabnit were D'Hanis visitors Monday.
Send the Anvil Herald to your relatives and friends elsewhere. It will be a weekly news-letter to them.
E. G. Garwood was a business visitor to San Antonio and Castroville last week end, returning Saturday.
The tag day Tuesday netted the P. E. O. Sisterhood \$35.00 which will be expended on improving the park.
The ladies of the Hondo Mothers' Club will give a tag day next Tuesday for the benefit of the Club work.
R. W. Heath and family have moved to San Antonio where Mr. Heath is employed by the Swift Packing Co.
Misses Bessie Moore and Alice Crabtree were guests of Misses Della and Agnes Sauter at D'Hanis Saturday.
Notice, Ten per cent off for cash on all work.
LEO. SCHROETER, Blacksmith.
The best buggy built for the money is the Henney. Sold in Hondo exclusively by E. R. Leinweber. tf.
The Henney buggy is sold under a strict guarantee. Call on E. R. Leinweber and let him tell you about it. tf.
Miss Stella Mumme is here from Standart, Texas, on a visit to her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Schweers.



SUNSET ROUTE

**Oil Burning Locomotives
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE**

**BETWEEN
New Orleans
AND
San Francisco**

Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleepers, Chair Cars and Superior Dining Car Service, Electric Lights and Fans, Electric Block Signals.

For Further Information call on the Local Agent or Address
**T. J. ANDERSON,
General Passenger Agent,
Houston, Texas**

Buggies at right prices at Holloway Bros.

Get your weeding Hoes from Holloway Bros.

All kinds of candy at Hutzler's confectionery.

Fresh fruits of all kinds in season. F. A. Heyen.

Cut worms are reported damaging some crops in this vicinity.

C. F. Luckenbach was over from D'Hanis Saturday on business.

Don't forget the School Trustee election to be held in this district to-day.

J. G. Newton is taking the scholastic census for Hondo Independent School district.

Eugene Mofield, Frank Finger and Rose Meredith were D'Hanis visitors Saturday.

NECKLACES AND PENDANTS



These Fine Ornaments

enhance feminine grace and beauty, and accentuate the seductive lines of the neck and gives poise to the head. Realizing this fact we have bought a splendid quantity, containing many beautifully designed ones. Come in and try them on. You will appreciate both the goods and the prices.

**V. A. Crow
HONDO, - - - TEXAS**

Souvenir post cards at F. A. Heyen's.
Good cedar charcoal at Holloway Bros.

Mending and altering done by C. R. Hoover, tailor.

Good Buggies for a little money at Holloway Bros.

A fresh stock of candy always on hand at Hutzler's.

A business college scholarship for sale cheap at this office.

Weeding Hoes, the kind you want, prices right. Holloway Bros.

For Rent, A neat four-room cottage on Carle Ave. Apply to this office.

Miss Fanye Carle went to Dilley Thursday to visit her sister at that place.

Ten per cent off will be given for cash on all blacksmith work at E. F. Martin's. 384t

The largest stock of candy, fruits and confections in Hondo always on hand at Hutzler's.

Sea Salt 25c, Bath Brushes, 25c to \$1.25, Turkish Bath Soap 6 for 25c at Windrow's Drug Store.

Rev. Fathers H. M. J. Wirtz and J. J. Meyer were here Thursday from D'Hanis enroute to Devine.

Healthful, refreshing and invigorating are the drinks served from the fountain at Hutzler's Confectionery.

Bring your sweeps, cultivator points, shovels, etc. to Mechler & Co. to have them sharpened promptly and satisfactorily. tf.

Mrs. C. D. Conley left Tuesday for her home at Corpus Christi after a pleasant visit to her parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Horger.

Misses Lottie Smith and Bessie Gilliam, having closed their schools near Elstone, left Wednesday for their homes in Caldwell Co.

For Sale, A desirable building site in the Brown-Woods Addition to Hondo. For particulars apply to either member of the Hondo Land Co.

Mrs. E. E. Wilson returned to her home at Luling Wednesday after a several days visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hancock.

Screen Doors, window screens and wire cloth for all kinds of screening. Screen out the flies and buy your screens of us. King & Hudspeth.

When you want an auto for pleasure or business phone us and get our price. We guarantee satisfaction.

McCLAGHERTY & HORGER.

C. G. Leighton and Dr. C. A. McBeth were down from Tarpley Monday and paid our office a social call. They report Tarpley one of the healthiest spots on the globe.

Mrs. J. H. Brauer of Del Rio was here several days this week visiting her cousin, Mrs. Leopold Brieden. She went from here to Sabinal to visit her sister, Mrs. Jacob Reinhart.

The best materials and workmanship go into every Henney vehicle and the same is carefully inspected before being allowed to leave the factory. Call on E. R. Leinweber and let him show you the Henney.

Louis W. Burell, administrator of the estate of Alois Burell, deceased, reports the sale of 150 acres of land out of Survey No. 20, in name of William Bryan, on Quibi north and south road, to Gregory Burell, for \$3750.

A. P. Jones was here the first of the week from San Antonio visiting his family. Mr. Jones reports that his work will soon be finished in San Antonio and he will return to Lacoste. He is engaged in house building.

Some dishes left unclaimed from the Catholic dinner of last Tuesday can be found by the owners at the home of Mrs. August Kempf. The dishes are unmarked and this is the only way they can be returned to the owners.

For Sale, A residence with 6 rooms, bath and three halls, well, and windmill and plenty of water, private waterworks, servant's house, out-houses and garden, half-acre lot, barns and buggy houses. Inquire at this office.

Misses Pearl and Alice Newton of this place, George Newton of Yancey and Lois Elder all went to San Antonio Tuesday to attend the commencement exercises of the San Antonio Female college of which institution they are all graduates.

Mr. Clarence Ware of this place and Miss Marie Trevino, a granddaughter of the Mexican general of that name, were married in San Antonio Sunday, May 21st. Mrs. Ware was formerly of Laredo, Texas, but was attending school in San Antonio at the time of her marriage.

County Judge Haass has ordered a special election in Briar Branch School District for a special maintenance tax of 15 cents on the hundred dollars to be held Saturday, May 18th. Also for special school tax and bond election for the issuance of \$10,000 school bonds in the Yancey consolidated school district for Saturday, May 18th.

The dinner and supper given by the ladies of the Catholic Church Tuesday was well patronized and the neat sum of \$180.00 was netted for the benefit of the church. An abundance of provisions were provided and after all had been fed there was still some to spare. The ladies wish to convey their thanks to the public for its generous patronage on this occasion.

The reliable Buick at C. R. Gaines'.
Henry Barth visited D'Hanis Saturday.

Good cedar charcoal at Holloway Bros.

George McCall returned to the dam Monday.

See Mrs. Hutzler for all kinds of fresh fruits.

All kinds of cold drinks at Hutzler's Soda Fountain.

A good buggy for a little money at Holloway Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Mobley went to San Antonio Monday.

W. J. Saathoff was a business caller at this office Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Haby were here Thursday from Dunlay.

Try a "Quick Meal" gasoline stove and see the difference. Holloway Bros.

Wanted, Two young men for farm work. Apply at the Anvil Herald office. 38 tf.

We can print most any thing in the job printing line. Get the Anvil Herald's prices. tf

And Schuehle was down from the ranch Saturday and paid this office a business call.

Henry R. Kempf and family were here Tuesday from Mustang Prairie on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Boehme and baby were here Tuesday from Riomedina on business and pleasure.

Mrs. George Neuman returned to the dam Monday. She was accompanied by Miss Emma Neuman.

Drop in at Hutzler's confectionery and enjoy a cool, refreshing drink from the soda fountain.

For sale, a second hand sewing machine, as good as new, for twelve dollars. Apply at this office.

Attention is called to the official statement of the Hondo State Bank which appears elsewhere in this issue.

While they last, a bargain in fine Talcum Powder, 1 lb. can only 15c. No better made. Windrow's Drug Store.

Before buying a new hack or buggy call on E. R. Leinweber and get acquainted with the merits of the famous Henney line.

Major A. M. Lamm was called to Dunlay Tuesday where he united Melisio Ariola and Miss Virginia Sidello in marriage.

D. E. Beal was down from the dam Sunday visiting his family. Mr. Beal is employed in the electrical department at the dam.

G. L. Dixon, manager for the G. Hicks mercantile store at Tarpley, and C. G. Leighton were pleasant callers at this office Tuesday.

Miss Cecil Droitcourt came over from Castroville Monday evening to spend some time with her brother, J. J. Droitcourt, and family.

A. I. U. MEMBERS: All members are requested to attend the meeting next Tuesday night, May 7th. Important business. Don't forget the date.

Miss Hallie Walker, after having spent the winter here and at Seguin with relatives, left Tuesday for her home at Huntington Beach, California.

L. J. McCall returned to his home at Mathis Monday after a few days' visit to relatives here. Mrs. McCall and children will spend some time here, the guests of relatives.

It would be an impossible task to mention all of the district court visitors this week, therefore we make personal mention of none and trust no one will feel intentionally slighted.

A. A. Huegele was here Monday from Biry and paid this office a business call. Mr. Huegele reports that bees have not done well this spring on account of the cold, damp weather.

J. S. Monkhouse is here this week preparing to ship his household goods to San Antonio where he will make his future home. Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Monkhouse regret their departure from our little city.

Mr. Virgil A. Johnson of D'Hanis and Mrs. E. L. Avant of Lytle were married at the home of the bride Sunday, April 28th. They will make their future home on Mr. Johnson's ranch below D'Hanis.

Among the visiting attorneys here for District Court this week we noted Charles C. Cresson, C. C. Harris and Ira Kercheville of San Antonio, Jno. F. Briscoe and Matt Kercheville of Devine and W. D. Love of Uvalde.

We are authorized to announce that the Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist Church next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance of the membership is requested, as important business is to be transacted.

We were pleased to see Mr. Ferd. Nester here from D'Hanis Thursday. This was his first trip here since his accident at D'Hanis some time ago and, although he is still walking on crutches, he says he is improving gradually.

I expect to be in business here a good many years. The only way I can do it is by treating every body right. That is my policy.

C. W. GRELL.

Painter and Paper Hanger,
Hondo, Texas.

Eggs from pure-blood, prize winning Barred Plymouth Rock chickens for sale at \$1.00 per setting of 13 eggs. Apply at this office.

Medina County Abstract Co.

Hondo, Texas

Ed de Montel, D. H. Fly,
H. E. Haass, Aug. Kempf
H. E. HAASS, Manager

Complete Tract Indexes, Complete Abstracts of Title and Complete sets of Maps and Plats to all tracts of lands and lots in Medina county, together with years of experience, places us in a position to give you promptly an accurate and complete Abstract of Title. Maps of Medina Co., showing surveys, etc., for sale.

For All Kinds Of

Drayage

SEE
C. A. JOHNSON
Windmill Repairing
A SPECIALTY. TRY ME.

E. F. Martin

**BLACKSMITH AND
WHEELWRIGHT**

All kinds of blacksmithing, repair work, horse-shoeing, tire-setting, etc. promptly done and at reasonable prices. Give me a trial.

Give me a trial on Rubber Tire Setting.

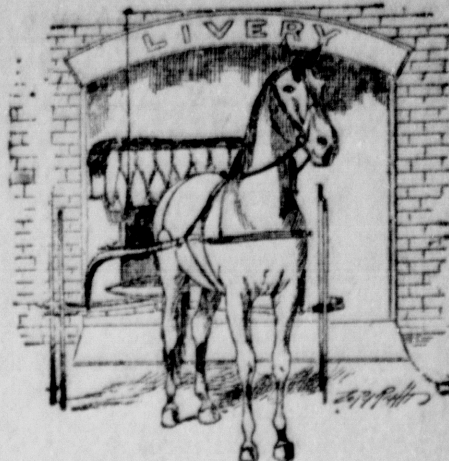
STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

Short order at all hours. Fraternal suppers a specialty. Fish every Friday. Your patronage solicited. Next door to the City Saloon, Metzger Building.

J. W. RIDENOUR, Prop.



For Sale By CHAS. H. SAYERS



We Appreciate Your Trade

If We Please You
Tell Others!

If We Don't Please
You, Tell Us!

HONDO LIVERY & FEED STABLE

McClagherty & Horger,
Proprietors.

Expert Jewelry REPAIRING

We are now in a position to do expert repairing on Jewelry, Watches and Clocks, also Engraving.

We have secured the services of Mr. B. H. Matheny of Little Rock, Ark., who is an expert in this line and who has had over nine years experience in Watchmaking and repairing. He will turn out first-class guaranteed work promptly. If your watch or clock is sick, bring it in—he will do the rest.

Martin, Inabnit & Company

Rexall Druggists and Jewelers

Hondo Mercantile Co.

Invites your inspection
of a complete and up-to-
the-minute stock of new
Spring Goods
Give them a call, see
what they are offering
and get their prices be-
fore making selections.

Remember they carry everything
usually found in a first-class gen-
eral merchandise store—and that
at the right price. Phone No. 45

The Chalice of Courage

Being the Story of Certain Persons Who
Drank of It and Conquered

A Romance of Colorado

BY
CYRUS TOWNSEND
BRADY

Author of "The Ring and the Man,"
"The Island of Espionage," "The
Better Man," "Hearts and the High-
way," "As the Sparks Fly Upward,"
Illustrations by Ellsworth Young

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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—Edith Maitland, a frank, free and unspoiled young Philadelphia girl, is taken to the Colorado mountains by her uncle, Robert Maitland, James Armstrong, Maitland's protégé, falls in love with her.

CHAPTER II.—His persistent wooing drives the girl, but she hesitates, and Armstrong goes east on business without a definite answer.

CHAPTER III.—Edith hears the story of a mining engineer, Newbold, whose wife fell off a cliff and was seriously hurt that he was compelled to shoot her to prevent her being eaten by wolves while he went for help.

CHAPTER IV.—Kirkby, the old guide who tells the story, gives Edith a package of letters which he says were found on the dead woman's body. She reads the letters and at Kirkby's request keeps them.

CHAPTER V.—While Edith is bathing in the river in fancied solitude, a big bear appears on the bank and is about to plunge into the water to attack the girl when a shot rings out and the animal is killed by a strange man.

CHAPTER VI.—Edith is caught in a storm which wipes out her party's camp. She is dashed upon the rocks and injured. The strange man who shot the bear finds her unconscious and carries her to shelter.

CHAPTER VII.—Members of the camping party realizing that Edith is lost in the storm institute a frantic search for the missing girl.

CHAPTER VIII.—No trace of her is found and word is telegraphed to her father. James Armstrong is asking the father for Edith's hand when the telegram arrives expressing the belief that the girl is dead. Armstrong says he will find her, and Maitland agrees to their marriage if he succeeds.

CHAPTER IX.—Edith regains consciousness in the hut of the man who had rescued her from the bear, and he dresses her foot which had been severely injured.

CHAPTER X.—The girl spends a fairly comfortable night, but her host in the next room a restless one as he lives over days that are gone. He has some secret in his life.

CHAPTER XI.—Morning finds Edith refreshed and ready for the substantial breakfast the man has prepared for her.

CHAPTER XIV.

The Woman's Heart.

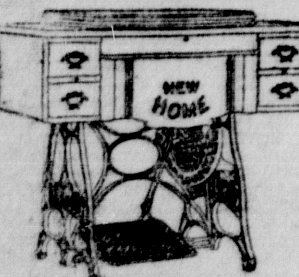
That upper earth on which they lived was covered with a thick blanket of snow. The lakes and pools were frozen from shore to shore. The mountain brooks, if they flowed at all, ran under thick arches of ice. The deepest canons were well nigh impassable from huge drifts that sometimes almost rose level with the tops of the walls. In every sheltered spot great banks of white were massed. The spreading branches of the tall pine trees in the valleys drooped under heavy burdens of snow. Only here and there sharp gaunt peaks were swept clean by the fierce winter winds and thrust themselves upward in icy air, naked and bare. The cold was polar in its bitter intensity.

The little shelf or plateau jutting out from the mountain side upon which the lonely cabin stood was sheltered from the prevailing winds, but the house itself was almost covered with the drifts. The constant fire roaring up the huge stone chimney had melted some of the snow at the top and it had run down the slanting roof and formed huge icicles on what had been the eaves of the house. The man had cut away the drifts from doors and windows for light and air.

THE NEW HOME
THE SEWING MACHINE OF QUALITY.
NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.



Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.
The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

For cholera morbus, cholera infantum, diarrhoea from colds and wind colic, McEER'S BABY ELIXIR is a remedy of extraordinary power, it relieves colic pains instantly, checks diarrhoea and settles the disordered stomach. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by W. H. Windrow.

erty. At first every stormy night would fill his laborious clearings with drifting snow, but as it became packed down and frozen solid he was able to keep his various ways open without a great deal of difficulty. A little work every morning and evening sufficed.

Every day he had to go down the mountain stairway to the bottom of the pocket to feed and water the burros. What was a quick and simple task in milder, warmer seasons sometimes took him a half a day under the present rigorous conditions. And the woman never saw him start out in the storm without a sinking heart and grave apprehension. On his return to the cabin half frozen, almost spent and exhausted, she ever welcomed him with eager gratitude and satisfaction which would shine in her eyes, throb in her heart and tremble upon her lips, control it as she might. And he thought it was well worth all the trouble and hardships of his task to be so greeted when he came back to her.

Winter had set in unusually early and with unprecedented severity. Any kind of winter in the mountains would have amazed the girl, but even the man with his larger experience declared he had never before known such sharp and sudden cold, or such deep and lasting snows. His daily records had never shown such low temperatures nor had his observation ever noted such wild and furious storms as raged then and there. It seemed as if Nature were in a conspiracy to seal up the mountains and all they contained, to make ingress and egress alike impossible.

A month had elapsed and Edith's foot was now quite well. The man had managed to sew up her boot where the knife had cut it and although the job was a clumsy one the result was a usable shoe. It is astonishing the comfort she took when she first put it on and discarded for good the shapeless woolen stocking which had covered the clumsy bandage happily no longer necessary. Although the torn and bruised member had healed and she could use it with care, her foot was still very tender and capable of sustaining no violent or long continued strain. Of necessity she had been largely confined to the house, but whenever it had been possible he had wrapped her in his great bear skin coat and had helped her out to the edge of the cliff for a breath of fresh air.

Sometimes he would leave her there alone, would perhaps have left her alone there always had she not imperiously required his company.

Insensibly she had acquired the habit—not a difficult one for a woman to fall into—of taking the lead in the small affairs of their circumscribed existence, and he had acquiesced in her dominance without hesitation or remonstrance. It was she who ordered their daily walk and conversation. Her wishes were consulted about everything; to be sure no great range of choice was allowed them, of liberty of action or freedom in the constraints with which nature bound them, but whenever there was any selection she made it.

The man yielded everything for her and yet he did it without in any way derogating from his self-respect or without surrendering his natural independence. The woman instinctively realized that in any great crisis in any large matter, the determination of which would naturally effect their present or their future, their happiness, welfare life, he would assert himself, and his assertion would be unquestioned and unquestionable by her.

There was a delightful satisfaction to the woman in the whole situation. She had a woman's desire to lead in the smaller things in life, and yet craved the woman's consciousness that in the great emergencies she would be led, in the great battles she would be fought for, in the great dangers she would be protected, in the great perils she would be saved. There was rest, comfort, joy and satisfaction in these thoughts.

The strength of the man she mastered was estimate of her own power and charm. There was a great, sweet, voiceless, unconscious flattery in his deference of which she could not be unaware.

Having little else to do, she studied the man, and she studied him with a warm desire and an enthusiastic predisposition to find the best in him. She would not have been a human girl if she had not been thrilled to the very heart of her by what the man had done for her. She recognized that whether he asserted it or not, he had established an everlasting and indisputable claim upon her.

The circumstances of their first meeting, which as the days passed did not seem quite so horrible to her, and yet a thought of which would bring the blood to her cheek still on the instant, had in some way turned her over to him. His consideration of her, his gracious tenderness toward her, his absolute abnegation, his evident overwhelming desire to please her, to make the anomalous situation in which they stood to each other bearable in spite of their lonely and unobserved intimacy, by an absolute lack of presumption on his part—all those things touched her profoundly.

Although she did not recognize the fact then perhaps, she loved him from the moment her eyes had opened in the mist and rain after that awful battle in the torrent to see him bending over her.

No sight that had ever met Edith Maitland's eyes was so glorious, so awe inspiring, so uplifting and magnificent as the view from the verge of the cliff in the sunlight of some bright winter morning. Few women had ever enjoyed such privileges as hers. She did not know whether she

liked the winter crowned range best that way, or whether she preferred the snowy world, glittering cold in the moonlight; or even whether it was more attractive when it was dark and the peaks and drifts were only lighted by the stars which shone never so brightly as just above her head.

When he allowed her she loved to stand sometimes in the full fury of the gale with the wind shrieking and sobbing like lost souls in some icy inferno through the hills and over the pines, the snow beating upon her, the sleet cutting her face if she dared to turn toward the storm. Generally he left her alone in the quieter moments, but in the tempest he stood watchful, on guard by her side, buttressing her, protecting her, sheltering her. Indeed his presence then was necessary, without him she could scarce have maintained a footing. The force of the wind might have hurled her down the mountain but for his strong arm. When the cold grew too great he led her back carefully to the hut and the warm fire.

Ah, yes, life and the world were both beautiful to her then, in night, in day, by sunlight, by moonlight, in



She Loved to Stand in the Full Fury of the Gale.

calm and storm. Yet it made no difference what was spread before the woman's eyes, what glorious picture was exhibited to her gaze, she could not look at it more than a moment without thinking of the man. With the most fascinating panorama that the earth's surface could spread before human vision to engage her attention, she looked into her own heart and saw there this man!

Oh, she had fought against it at first, but lately she had luxuriated in it. She loved him, she loved him! And why not? What is it that women love in men? Strength of body? She could remember yet how he had carried her over the mountains in the midst of the storm, how she had been so bravely upborne by his arms to his heart. She realized later what a task that had been, what a feat of strength. The uprooting of that sapling and the overturning of that huge Grizzly were child's play to the long portage up the almost impassable canon and mountain side which had brought her to this dear haven.

Was it strength of character she sought, resolution, determination? This man had deliberately withdrawn from the world, buried himself in this mountain, and had stayed there deaf to the alluring call of man or woman; he had had the courage to do that.

Was it strength of mind she admired? Edith Maitland was no mean judge of the mental powers of her acquaintance. She was just as full of life and spirit and the joy of them as any young woman should be, but she had not been trained by and thrown with the best for nothing. Noblesse oblige! That his was a mind well stored with knowledge of the most varied sort she easily and at once perceived. Of course the popular books of the last five years had passed him by, and of such he knew nothing, but he could talk intelligently, interestingly, entertainingly upon the great classics. Keats and Shakespeare were his most thumbed volumes. He had graduated from Harvard as a civil engineer with the highest honors of his class and school and the youngest man to get his sheepskin! Edith Maitland herself was a woman of broad culture and wide reading and she deliberately set herself to fathom this man's capabilities. Not infrequently, much to her surprise, sometimes to her dismay, but generally to her satisfaction, she found that she had no plummet with which to sound his greater depths.

Did she seek in him that fine flower of good breeding, gentleness and consideration? Where could she find these qualities better displayed? She was absolutely alone with this man, entirely in his power, shut off from the world and its interference as effectually as if they had both been abandoned in an ice floe at the North Pole or cast away on some lonely island in the South Seas, yet she felt as safe as if she had been in her own house, or her uncle's, with every protection that human power could give. He had never presumed upon the situation in the least degree, he never once referred to the circumstances of their meeting in the remotest way, he never even discussed her rescue from the flood, he never told her how he had borne her through the rain to the lonely shelter of the hills, and in no way did he say anything that the most keenly scrutinizing mind would torture into an allusion to the pool and the bear and the woman. The fineness of his breeding was never so well exhibited as in this reticence. More often than not it is what he

does not rather than what he does that indicates the man.

It would be folly to deny that he never thought of these things. Had he forgotten them there would be no merit in his silence; but to remember them and to keep still—aye, that showed the man! He would close his eyes in that little room on the other side of the door and see again the dark pool, her white shoulders, her graceful arms, the lovely face with its crown of sunny hair rising above the rushing water. He had listened to the roar of the wind through the long nights, when she thought him asleep if she thought of him at all, and heard again the scream of the storm that had brought her to his arms. No snow drop that touched his cheek when he was abroad but reminded him of that night in the cold rain when he had held her close and carried her on. He could not sit and mend her boot without remembering that white foot before which he would fain have prostrated himself and upon which he would have pressed passionate kisses if he had given way to his desires. But he kept all these things in his heart, pondered them and made no sign.

Did she ask beauty in her lover? Ah, there at last he failed. According to the canons of perfection he did not measure up to the standard. His features were irregular, his chin a trifle too square, his mouth a thought too firm, his brow wrinkled a little; but he was good to look at for he looked strong, he looked clean and he looked true. There was about him, too, that stamp of practical efficiency that men who can do things always have. You looked at him and you felt sure that what he undertook that he would accomplish, that decision and capability were incarnate in him.

But after all the things are said love goes where it is sent, and I, at least, am not the sender. This woman loved this man neither because nor in spite of these qualities. That they were might account for her affection, but if they had not been, it may be that that affection, that that passion, would have inhabited her heart still. No one can say, no one can tell how or why those things are. She had loved him while she raged against him and hated him. She did neither the one nor the other of those two last things, now, and she loved him the more.

Mystery is a great mover; there is nothing so attractive as a problem we cannot solve. The very situation of the man, how he came there, what he did there, why he remained there, questions to which she had yet no answer, stimulated her profoundly. Because she did not know she questioned in secret; interest was aroused and the transition to love was easy.

Propinquity, too, is responsible for many an affection. "The ivy clings to the first met tree." Given a man and woman heart free and throw them together and let there be decent kindness on both sides, and it is almost inevitable that each shall love the other. Isolate them from the world, let them see no other companions but the one man and the one woman, and the result becomes more inevitable.

Yes, this woman loved this man. She said in her heart—and I am not one to dispute her conclusions—that she would have loved him had he been one among millions to stand before her, and it was true. He was the complement of her nature. They differed in temperament as much as in complexion, and yet in those differences as must always be to make perfect love and perfect union, there were striking resemblances, necessary points of contact.

There was no reason whatever why Edith Maitland should not love this man. The only possible check upon her feelings would have been her rather anomalous relation to Armstrong, but she reflected that she had promised him definitely nothing. When she had met him she had been heart whole, he had made some impression upon her fancy and might have made more with greater opportunity, but unfortunately for him, luckily for her, he had not enjoyed that privilege. She scarcely thought of him longer.

Continued next week.

Escapes An Awful Fate.

A thousand tongues could not express the gratitude of Mrs. J. E. Cox, of Joliet, Ill., for her wonderful deliverance from an awful fate. "Typhoid pneumonia had left me with a dreadful cough," she writes. "Sometimes I had such awful coughing spells I thought I would die. I could get no help from doctor's treatment of other medicines till I used Dr. King's New Discovery. But I owe my life to this wonderful remedy for I scarcely cough at all now." Quick and safe, its the most reliable of all throat and lung medicines. Every bottle guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at W. H. Windrow's.

By the time a hundred people have told a story, it becomes another story.

Helps A Judge In Bad Fix.

Justice Eli Cherry, of Gillis Mills, Tenn., was plainly worried. A bad sore on his leg had baffled several doctors and long resisted all remedies. "I thought it was a cancer," he wrote. "At last I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was completely cured." Cures burns, boils, ulcers, bruises and piles. 25 cents at W. H. Windrow's.

Hunting for trouble usually gets a full bag.

HARMON AIDS SMALL TAXPAYER

Ohio Land Owners' Taxes Lowered \$7,000,000 Annually.

Columbus, O.—(Special).—"It is not right that the farmer and home owner should be assessed at 60 per cent of the valuation of his property and the corporation at 15 per cent," said Governor Harmon, of Ohio, recently in the course of a speech he delivered at a farmers' picnic in Pennsylvania. "I set out some years ago to limit the taxation in Ohio. The taxes were not fair and equal to the small home owner and farmer. They were taxed too much while the corporations were not taxed enough. I wanted property values equalized. I didn't want the farmer and home owner to go down in his weasel skin, when the tax collector came around, for more than an equal share with that which the corporations were paying."

Ohio public records bear indisputable testimony to the fact that Governor Harmon accomplished what he says he set out to do. Accurate tax data, collected in every taxing district in the state, show that under the Harmon tax reforms in 1911 the Ohio farmer and home owner will pay \$7,000,000 less taxes than they paid in 1910. There has been a corresponding increase to corporate property.

Public tax records of the present administration show that Governor Harmon has done more for the people of moderate means—the small home owner and farmer—than any of the governors that preceded him; and it is also asserted that no other governor in the United States ever obtained a reform that carried so much benefit to so large a number of people as have the Harmon tax reforms. This explains why Governor Harmon is so popular in Ohio.

When Judson Harmon became governor, real estate was appraised at from 25 to 75 per cent of true value, while corporate property was placed on the duplicate at from 5 to 40 per cent of true value, and real estate owners staggered under unjust burdens. This was because local assessors worked independently, and because corporate property values were too frequently fixed by officers of corporations.

The Ohio governor's first step to correct this condition was the establishment of a state tax commission, which was given general supervision over all local assessors and was given authority to force a strict administration of all tax laws, including a constitutional provision requiring all property to be appraised for taxation at true value.

The maximum tax rate that could be levied was limited to 1 per cent, so that the increase to duplicates, which would come from appraising all property at true value, could not be used to provide money for extravagant purposes. Expenditures by public officers were limited to a certain amount—in 1911 no more tax money could be raised than was produced by the levies of 1910.

Before these limitations, expenditures by the state, county, municipal and township government officers mounted at the rate of \$4,000,000 a year. During the past decade the population in Ohio increased 14.5 per cent, the tax duplicate only 25 per cent, while the amount of money raised for taxation mounted at the rate of 68 per cent.

The people realized that the failure of corporations to pay their just share of taxes was the cause for the extra burden borne by the man of moderate means, but, until the present administration, no executive of the state ever undertook to equalize the taxes. To do this it was necessary to increase the property valuation of the corporations. Figures announced by the state tax commission show that in 1911 the appraisement of Ohio railroads for taxation had been increased from \$166,469,599 in 1910, before the Harmon tax reforms, to \$580,000,000. The additions to all public utilities aggregate \$1,000,000,000, while an additional \$1,000,000,000 has been added to private corporation property. In 1911 the railroads alone will pay \$1,635,260 more taxes than they did in 1910.

The big tax duplicates have brought about the following reduction in the tax rates per \$100 of property in the following cities:

Name of City.	1910	1911
Cleveland	\$3.48	\$1.29
Columbus	3.12	1.35
Hamilton	3.33	1.00
Coshocton	3.40	1.16

The actual reduction obtained by real estate owners under these reforms is shown in the following table of figures, giving tax payments in 1910 and 1911:

Taxes paid 1910	\$49,850,098.74
1911 Realty duplicate	\$4,246,428.569
1911 Tax Rate	1 per cent

Taxes paid 1911 .. \$42,464,285.69
Reduction 1911 .. 7,385,813.05

The average tax rate of the state has been reduced from 30 mills to 9.7 mills.

SUFFERED 23 YEARS

Constant Sufferer From Chronic Catarrh Relieved by Peruna.

Mrs. J. H. Bourland, San Saba, Texas, writes:

"For twenty-three years I was a constant sufferer from chronic catarrh. I had a severe misery and burning in the top of my head. There was almost a continual dropping of mucus into my throat, which caused frequent expectoration. My entire system gradually became involved, and my condition grew worse. I had an incessant cough and frequent attacks of bilious colic, from which I seemed I could not recover. My bowels also became affected, causing alarming attacks of hemorrhages. I tried many remedies, which gave only temporary relief or no relief at all. I at last tried Peruna, and in three days I was relieved of the bowel derangement. After using five bottles I was entirely cured. I most cheerfully recommend the use of Peruna to any one similarly afflicted."

Mrs. J. H. Bourland.

WOMEN

Women of the highest type, women of superior education and refinement, whose discernment and judgment give weight and force to their opinions, highly praise the wonderful corrective and curative properties of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Throughout the many stages of woman's life, from girlhood, through the ordeals of motherhood to the declining years, there is no safer or more reliable medicine. Chamberlain's Tablets are sold everywhere at 25c a box.

CONVALESCENTS

Those Recovering from Any Severe Illness

After a long wasting illness, convalescents require nourishing food that will not overtax the digestive functions—and in the way of a strength-restoring and vitality-making tonic, we know of nothing that equals Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic (without oil).

Vinol creates an appetite, re-establishes good digestion and helps the daily food to make rich blood, form flesh, strong muscles and impart new life and vitality to every organ in the body. We ask those who need a strength and flesh-building tonic restorative to call at our store and get a bottle of Vinol, with the understanding that if it does not help them we will refund their money without question.

W. H. Windrow, Hondo, Texas.

Foley Kidney Pills

TONIC IN ACTION - QUICK IN RESULTS
Give prompt relief from BACKACHE, KIDNEY and BLADDER TROUBLE, RHEUMATISM, CONGESTION of the KIDNEYS, INFLAMMATION of the BLADDER and all annoying URINARY IRREGULARITIES. A positive boon to MIDDLE AGED and ELDERLY PEOPLE and for WOMEN.

HAVE HIGHEST RECOMMENDATION
S. A. Davis, 671 Washington St., Concordville, Pa., is 55 years old. He writes us: "I have lately suffered much from my kidneys and bladder. I had severe backaches and my kidney acted was too frequent, causing me to lose much sleep at night, and in my bladder there was some time pain. I took Foley Kidney Pills for some time and am now free of all trouble and again able to be up and around. Foley Kidney Pills have my highest recommendation."

W. H. WINDROW

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

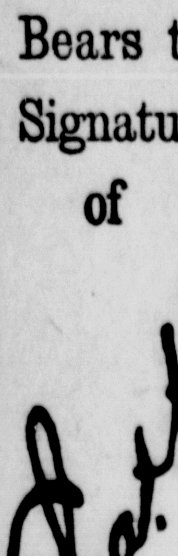
900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
Vegetable Preparation for
simulating the Food and Regula-
ting the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
ness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.



Perfect Remedy for Constipa-
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Per Simile Signature of
Wm. H. Hatcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and
Drug Act.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have
Always Bought
Bears the
Signature
of
Wm. H. Hatcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HOTEL ALAMO
"European"
RESTAURANT CAFE
....Attached....
A. GUGENHEIM, Proprietor.
San Antonio, Texas.

SEED CORN
Red Cob Texas Giant White, White
Wonder, Champion White Pearl,
Texas 90 Day White, Hickory
King, Yellow Leaming, Yellow Dent,
Squaw Corn, Bloody Butcher.
Seed Potatoes, Main stock, Irish
White Cobblers, Bliss Red Triumph.
All kinds of Garden and Field Seeds.
J. F. RIPPES, San Antonio, Tex.
New Phone 320 528 Market St.

D'HANIS DOINGS.
Items of Interest Culled or
Condensed from The
D'Hanis News.

Tuesday morning at 7:30 o'clock in St. Dominic's church, Mr. Willie Turner and Miss Ursula Koch were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Rev. H. Wirtz performed the ceremony. The attendants were: Misses Mollie Nehr, Laura and Selma Koch, Messrs. Ben Koch, John Nester and Aug. Turner.

Mr. Joe Britz, a young man of this place, and Miss Emma Hease of San Antonio were happily married last Wednesday morning at St. Joseph's church in San Antonio.

Wm. Blocker, the traveling salesman for Jacob Dold Packing Co., was here Wednesday in the interest of that firm.

George Carle Jr. of Hondo was a D'Hanis visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Reinhart and children and Mrs. Brotze were visiting relatives at Sabinal Sunday.

Mrs. Bob Reynolds and children have returned to their home at Marathon after a visit here.

Mrs. Walter Rimkus made a pleasure and business trip to Hondo Thursday.

Aug. Britz went to San Antonio Friday to take in the Battle of Flowers.

Messrs. Reily and Fred Carle were in San Antonio last Sunday.

Fred Stich was over from Lacoste Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo. Britz left Tuesday morning for San Antonio to attend their son's wedding.

Mrs. Chas. Schuehle and son came in Monday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ney.

Fred Britz left last Tuesday morning for San Antonio to attend the Britz-Haese wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Batot of Hondo spent Sunday here with relatives.

Joe Langfeld made a business trip to San Antonio Sunday.

Miss Bertha Sauter is on the sick list this week with la grippe.

Miss Emma Weyand, who has been visiting relatives and friends in San Antonio, returned home Tuesday.

Mesdames Aug. Schroeder and Chas. Finger came over from Hondo Friday on a visit to relatives.

Mrs. J. B. Ney celebrated her 58th birthday last Monday.

Lacoste Laconics.
BY BLUE BELLE
ED. ANVIL HERALD:-

Miss Eliza Biediger spent the week with relatives and friends in the Alamo City.

Capt. Louis Burrell shipped 28 carloads of steers to Standart Tuesday. He purchased them in the Rio Medina neighborhood.

Frank Keller was a business visitor in the Alamo City this week.

E. J. Balmos and daughter, Miss Clara, passed through here Thursday enroute to Devine from Castroville where they attended the Leap Year Dance at Wernette's Opera House Wednesday.

Those from here who attended the Leap Year Dance at Castroville Wednesday were: Misses Meda Boehme, Mamie Reicherzer, Regina Mangold, Lillie Nortze, Lela Crow, Josephine and Ella Hassler, Della Kaufmann and Alice O'Brien, Messrs. Geo. Grossenbacher, Albert Salzmann, Robert and Alfred Mangold, Gus. Tripp, Fred Ford, Harper (Happy) Scott, Paul Mechler, Alex Hitzfelder, Albert Hasseler, Jack Matthews, Tom O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Mangold, and Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Silver. All who attended reported a most enjoyable time.

Mrs. Armin Boehme and daughter, Miss Meda, spent the day Wednesday with relatives at Riomedina.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Johnson of Lytle were here greeting their many friends Friday.

Miss Bertha Moeller of San Antonio is here on a visit to her parents and family.

Jack Rihn and family, Frank Keller and family, Mrs. Ed. Keller, Mrs. Fred Biediger, and Miss Ida Conrad paid a visit to Ambrose Zimmermann and wife at Mustang Prairie.

Joe Hutzler was a business visitor at Lytle Wednesday.

A pleasant surprise party was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. John Kempf Saturday night to a grand success. Lack of space prevents mention of all present.

Mrs. Barren McVay and children of Glidden were here on a several days visit to her mother, Mrs. Blackwell, at this place.

Miss Willie Harding of Noonan spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Rubie Blackwell.

Mrs. F. A. Schneider and daughter, Miss Lallie, paid a visit to Mrs. M. A. Kaufmann Sunday night.

S. W. Kearny of San Antonio was here mingling with his many friends Monday.

Miss Clara Hutzler of Spindletop boarded the train Sunday morning for San Antonio on an extended visit to relatives and friends.

Miss Sarah Corley of San Antonio is here on a visit to her sister, Mrs. L. A. Koontz, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. McGarr were pleasant visitors in the Alamo City a few days.

Misses Ida Reicherzer, Ida Etter and a Mr. Henderson took a trip to Mico Friday and reported a jolly time.

Fred Stich attended a dance at D'Hanis Saturday night.

Oscar and Alice Koenig of Mustang Prairie spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives and friends here.

The Sons of Hermann held their regular monthly meeting.

Mrs. Peter Jungmann of Castroville spent the day Monday with Mrs. Joe Mechler.

Lacoste, April 30, 1912.

ARE YOU A SUCCESS?
HAVE YOU AN AIM?
Have you ever made an effort to save a little of your monthly income and to invest it where every dollar will work **HARD, FAST AND PERMANENTLY**

Do you realize that you must make a start and that some day it will be too late?
Do you know that if you fail to invest your money during your productive years that in your old and declining age you will be classed a failure with only a bunch of sad regrets and shattered hopes?
Do you know that the safest and most profitable investment you can make is in real estate?
Do you know that we have the most attractive proposition in San Antonio today, and that if you purchase one of our lots in

Los Angeles Heights
that you will be making a good start in the right way towards the "ROAD TO SUCCESS".

Let our local representative, The **Hondo Land Co.**, tell you how good and cheap our lots are and what an ideal investment you will make

A. S. & S. E. GANTT COMPANY
Suite 814, Gunter Building, San Antonio, Tex.

\$375.00 PIANO GIVEN AWAY!
ALSO WATCHES AND OTHER VALUABLE PRIZES TO THE PERSON WRITING
"The San Antonio Music Company is the Best Place in Texas to Buy a Piano"
The greatest number of times in a READABLE HANDWRITING on the BACK of a United States Postal Card, or on ONE side of a card of equal size, which is 5 1/4 by 3 1/4 inches.

RULES
RULE 1. Write
"The San Antonio Music Company is The Best Place in Texas To Buy a Piano"
as many times as possible on ONE side of card, and ON the opposite side write your full name and address, STATING number of times you have written the above sentence.
RULE 2. Professional penmen, draughtsmen, engravers, designers and artists are BARRED. Also any person who owns an upright piano or piano-player, or anyone who has won a piano in any previous contest, is not eligible and will receive NO PRIZE WHATSOEVER.
RULE 3. Writing MUST BE by HAND with PEN and INK or LEAD PENCIL and without the assistance of MAGNIFYING GLASSES other than those worn regularly every day by any person who requires the use of glasses to read by.
RULE 4. The winner of the PIANO and the other CAPITAL PRIZES will be decided by the JUDGES, who will be REPUTABLE BUSINESS MEN of San Antonio.
RULE 5. Every person complying with Rule 1 and not winning a capital prize will receive a handsome present FREE.
RULE 6. Every person MUST ABIDE ABSOLUTELY by the DECISION of the JUDGES.
WE ARE GIVING AWAY THESE VALUABLE PRIZES TO TEACH THE PEOPLE THAT "THE SAN ANTONIO MUSIC COMPANY IS THE BEST PLACE IN TEXAS TO BUY A PIANO"
This offer expires SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912, at 6 p. m.
Each person will be notified by mail soon afterwards.
Advertising Manager, Dept. S. A. M.

SAN ANTONIO MUSIC CO.
107 East Houston St. San Antonio, Texas

The Demons Of The Swamp
are mosquitos. As they sting they put deadly malaria germs in the blood. Then follow the icy chills and the fires of fever. The appetite flies and the strength fails; also malaria often paves the way for deadly typhoid. But Electric Bitters kill and cast out the malaria germs from the blood; give you a fine appetite and renew your strength. "After long suffering," wrote Wm. Fretwell, of Lucama, N. C., "three bottles drove all the malaria from my system, and I've had good health ever since." Best for all stomach, liver and kidney ills. 50cts. at W. H. Windrow's.

Once in a great while an old maid lives long enough to admit that she is.

What Texans Admire.

is hearty, vigorous life, according to Hugh Tallmann, of San Antonio. "We find," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Life Pills surely put new life and energy into a person. Wife and I believe they are the best made." Excellent for stomach, liver or kidney troubles. 25 cts at W. H. Windrow's.

Even in this land of the free the real estate owner has to pay taxes on it.

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by W. H. Windrow.

You may be able to fool yourself but you can't fool the fool killer.

If you belch up a bitter tasting liquid it is a sign of bad digestion. A dose or two of HERBINE will correct the disorder. It stimulates digestion and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by W. H. Windrow.

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS
ARE YOU READY?
Prepare yourself NOW for a better position. Take a course in the Great **BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL** of the Southwest. School endorsed by leading Bankers, Court Reporters, Accountants and Business Men everywhere. New Typewriters, Adding Machines, Multigraphs, etc. Electric Fans. Every **TEACHER** an **EXPERT**

Bookkeeping The system of Bookkeeping we teach is used in over 2,400 schools, and in nine-tenths of the Business Offices of the United States—Thorough, Practical, Complete.

Banking Both National and State banks use the system we teach.

Shorthand More Court Reporters and Expert Stenographers use our systems of Shorthand than all other systems combined.

Touch Typewriting Real touch Typewriting is taught in our College. All

Civil Service Is taught in our College under the direct supervision of a former Civil Service Examiner. Specially prepared textbooks.

Home Study Free To those who cannot leave home, but who will enroll NOW we will lend books and give instruction by mail FREE until they come, or we will teach entire course by mail.

POSITIONS—Our connection and acquaintance with business men makes each of our students doubly sure of obtaining employment upon graduation. Every full graduate in a good position is the record of S. A. B. C. Special inducements to Teachers, Public and Private School Graduates and Children of Ministers. No vacation. Catalog and full information Free. Write Today.

SAN ANTONIO BUSINESS COLLEGE, 307 Alamo Plaza

HONDO MEAT MARKET
E. H. SCHWEERS, PROPRIETOR.
Dealer in
FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS
Your Patronage Solicited
IN THE MARKET AT ALL TIMES FOR HIDES
PHONE 113. HONDO, TEXAS

The Favorite Saloon
FRITZ FRERICH, Proprietor
Handles the Best of
Wines, Liquors, Beer,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, ETC.
Hondo, Texas

Mrs. Wm. A. Allen, Chacon, New Mexico, had so severe a cough that it nearly choked her to death. Mr. Allen says: "We tried many things without helping her when by good luck I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It helped her at once and finally cured her. It is the best medicine we ever used." W. H. Windrow.

J. E. McKeen, 1301 Cleveland St., Wichita, Kansas, reports: "I suffered from kidney trouble, had severe pains across my back, and was all played out. I began taking Foley Kidney Pills and soon there was a decided improvement. Finally the pain left entirely and I am fully cured of all my kidney trouble." W. H. Windrow.

PERSONALS

This paper only \$1.00 a year. Try it. Make your real estate wants known to us. Hondo Land Co.

Messrs. Henry E., Otto and Adolph Wurzbach were in town Saturday from Riomedina on business.

Paul Reinhart, county chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, was here yesterday and paid our office a business call.

T. J. Martin, a Republican wheel horse of Kinney County, was here the first of the week getting a line on the political situation.

Dr. W. A. King was out from San Antonio last Saturday and assisted in the reorganization of the Medina County medical association.

Mrs. M. A. Windrow returned to her home the first of the week after having spent two weeks here visiting the family of her son, W. H. Windrow.

Prof. T. C. Hickman and some eight or nine of our baseball boys left Thursday for Del Rio to play the team at that place a series of match games.

Editor W. L. Dubose of the Devine News was among the week's district court visitors to Hondo. While here, he paid the Anvil Herald office a fraternal call.

Prof. Aug. Meyers left yesterday for San Antonio to take the civil service examinations for the railway mail service. We wish the young man success.

The ladies of the Cemetery Association will serve dinner next Tuesday in the Frerich's building. The public is requested to patronize the ladies and help this worthy cause.

Hay! Hay! That's what we have, all kinds, Johnson Grass, Cane, Millet and Prairie Hay. Ring 37 and try some of it when in need.

McCLAUGHERTY & HORGES.

Some Choice Business and Residence lots in Lacoste for sale for \$125.00 per lot and up. If you have the money and mean business write or call on either member of the Hondo Land Co., Hondo, Texas.

Mrs. Emma Knifong and little daughter left yesterday morning for Austin where they will visit friends before returning home to Idaho. They have been the guests here of C. W. Stone's family.

FOR SALE, three choice lots south east corner block, and a neat three-room house near the school house for \$1600. Will sell house and one inside lot for \$1100. Either proposition is a bargain. See the Hondo Land Co., Taylor & Davis, Managers.

For Sale, one of the most desirable building sites in Hondo for \$425.00. A 130-foot southeast front. This property will be sold for \$25.00 cash and equal monthly installments to suit the purchaser at 8 per cent. Apply to either member of the Hondo Land Co.

Mrs. A. G. Walker and sister Miss Emily Collick received the sad news Wednesday that their brother, Joseph Collick, had died suddenly at his home in Ishpeming, Michigan, following an operation. They left at once to attend the funeral.

Hondo has been thronged with District Court visitors this week. In fact, it is doubtful if there were ever so many court visitors here before for a like time as have been in the town this week. To make personal mention of all would be an impossible task.

Adeliano Villal, the Mexican who participated in the shooting at the dam a few Sunday's ago and who was in jail awaiting the action of the grand jury, was released from jail Wednesday and Aug. Schuchle took him to San Antonio to be operated on for appendicitis.

Democratic Executive Committee of Medina County as Appointed in 1910.

Precinct	Name	Address
1	A. T. Forst	Hondo
2	S. H. Saathoff	New Fountain
3	B. Brucks	Dunlay
4	Rufus Evans	Bandera
5	F. P. Seekatz	Kiomedina
6	J. T. FitzSimon	Castroville
7	V. A. Johnson	D'Hanis
8	Jac W. Bendeie	Devine
9	J. F. Rily	Lytile
10	W. C. Redus	Devine
11	W. H. H. Dubose	Zigzag
12	W. E. Newton	Yancey
13	Mike Supplies	Cliff
14	J. A. Blackburn	Devine
15	Edmund Keller	Lacoste
16	J. S. Monkhouse	Hondo
17	M. L. Saathoff	Tarpley

FLETCHER DAVIS,
County Chairman. 3mo

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE HONDO STATE BANK

AT HONDO, STATE OF TEXAS,
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 18TH DAY OF APRIL, 1912.

Published in the Hondo Anvil Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Hondo, State of Texas, on the 4th day of May, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts
personal or collateral \$67,595.62
Loans, real estate, 16,670.80
Overdrafts 1,148.18
Real Estate (banking house) 6,164.70
Furniture and Fixtures 1,935.52
Due from Approved Reserve Agents net \$9,432.27
Due from other Banks and Bankers, subject to check 6.52 9,438.79
Cash Items 50.60
Currency 4,421.00
Specie 6,582.98 11,054.58
Interest in Depositor's Guaranty Fund \$1,303.94
Other resources as follows:
Ass't for Guarantee Fund \$71.32
TOTAL \$115,483.45

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in \$30,000.00
Surplus Fund 3,000.00
Undivided Profits, net 5,280.29
Individual Deposits, subject to check 77,053.16
Other Liabilities as follows:
Dividends unpaid 150.00
TOTAL \$115,483.45

STATE OF TEXAS, County of Medina.

I, H. F. King, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. F. KING, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 30th day of April, A. D. nineteen hundred and twelve.

WITNESS my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid.

J. G. NEWTON, Notary Public.

[SEAL]

CORRECT-ATTEST:

P. JUNGMAN JR., DIRECTORS.

E. R. LEINWEBER, DIRECTORS.

Wm. A. SCHMITT

Call for Democratic County Convention.

To The Democracy of Medina County:

In conformity with law and by virtue of the authority in me vested, a County Convention of the democratic party is hereby called to convene at the courthouse in Hondo at 2:30 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 7, 1912, to select delegates to the State Presidential convention at Houston, Texas, May 28, 1912, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The convention shall be composed of the properly accredited delegates from the various voting precincts of the county who shall be selected at a primary convention of the voters of the several precincts at a primary convention to be held Saturday, May 4, 1912. (See section 139 Election Law) It is, therefore, recommended that the various precinct Chairman call the voters of their respective precincts together in primary convention on that date. Where the precinct chairman, for any reason, fails or refuses to act, it is recommended that the democrats assemble in mass convention and elect delegates from among their number to attend the said County Convention, and at the same time recommend some one to the County Executive Committee for appointment to the vacancy in the precinct chairmanship. (if any.)

The County Executive Committee is hereby called to meet at the Court-house at 2 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, May 7, 1912, to fill such vacancies as may exist in said Committee and to transact such other business as may properly come before the said Committee.

Issued at Hondo, Texas, this 26th day of May, A. D., 1912.

FLETCHER DAVIS,
County Chairman Democratic Executive Committee of Medina County, Texas.

To Stockmen.

My jack will make the season at my ranch, 15 miles north of Hondo, for \$8.00 the season with insurance. Am prepared to keep mares during season.

BEN DE GRODT.

Attention Voters.

Following is an extract from the Terrell election law:

Sec. 139. Any political party desiring to elect delegates to a national convention shall hold a State convention at such place as may be designated by the State executive committee of said party on the fourth Tuesday of May, 1908, and every four years thereafter. Said convention shall be composed of delegates duly elected by the voters of said political party in the several counties of the State at primary conventions to be held on the first Saturday in May, 1908, and every four years thereafter.

Said primary convention shall be held between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 8 o'clock p. m. These primary conventions shall elect delegates to the county convention of the several counties, which shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Saturday in May, 1908, and every four years thereafter.

The qualified voters of each voting precinct of the county shall assemble on the date named and shall be presided over by a chairman who shall have been previously appointed by the county executive committee of the party and shall be a qualified voter in said election precinct and said convention may elect from among their number a secretary and such other officers as may be necessary to conduct the business of the convention.

The chairman of said convention shall possess all the power and authority that is given to election judges under the provisions of this act. Before transacting any business the chairman shall make or cause to be made a list of all qualified voters present and the name of no person shall be entered upon said list nor shall he be permitted to vote or to participate in the business of such convention until it is made to appear that he is a qualified voter in said precinct from a certified list of qualified voters the same as is required in conducting a general election.

After the convention is organized as above provided it shall elect its delegates to the county convention and transact such other business as may properly come before it.

The officers of said convention shall keep a written record of its proceedings, including a list of the delegates elected to the county convention, which record shall constitute the returns from said convention. The same shall be signed officially, sealed up and safely transmitted by the officers thereof to the chairman of the county executive committee of the party and to be used by the executive committee in making up a roll of the delegates to the county convention.

Fish For Medina Lake.

Word has been received by officials of the Medina Irrigation Company the United States bureau of fisheries has approved the application of the company for fish to stock the big lake which will be created by the Medina dam. It was stated yesterday 500,000 fish would be taken from the Government hatchery at San Marcos and placed in the lake. The next distribution of fish will take place in May.

According to the plans of the company the lake, in the course of a year or two, will be a fisherman's paradise. Black bass, crappie, sunperch and other kinds of fish will abound in the lake, which is expected to be a fine breeding place. The headwaters of the Medina River have afforded fine bass fishing for many years.

C. H. Kearney, chief engineer, announced yesterday the company was preparing valuable advertising matter pertaining to the irrigation work of the company and the opportunities of investment in Southwest Texas, which will be distributed throughout Europe. "We are going to publish an attractive pamphlet in various languages, which will be sent to a number of foreign countries," said Mr. Kearney. "The pamphlet will contain a description of the land in Southwest Texas and the Medina project in general."—Sunday's San Antonio Express.

Better to Take Than Calomel

Dodson's Liver-Tone, a Wholesome, Reliable Medicine That Takes the Place of Calomel.

Dodson's Liver-Tone strengthens the liver—it does not drive it to its work by over stimulating it as calomel does.

Dodson's Liver-Tone does not have any of the dangerous after-effects of calomel. It is a vegetable liquid—absolutely safe for either children or grown people. Everybody likes its taste.

No restriction of habit or diet necessary.

Get a bottle at W. H. Windrow's drug store, 50c, and try it. If it doesn't satisfy you, if it doesn't take the place of calomel, you can get your money back by asking for it.

The Anvil Herald and the Confederate Veteran will be sent for \$1.75 per annum. If you have not seen The Veteran, write to Nashville, Tenn., for a sample copy, then subscribe through this office.

New Fountain Notes.

BY NARRATOR.
ED. ANVIL HERALD:

Prof. A. J. Flowers, a music teacher, who last year taught a class here and one at Yancey, returned and organized another class here some two weeks ago, which he and his nephew, Garland Flowers, an assistant who arrived a few days later, are now teaching in the New Fountain Methodist Church. The new scholars are Misses Ella Stiegler, Clara Decker, Johanna Böhmfalk, Lilly Muennink and Frieda Bohlen. Besides these Misses Lorina Decker, Alma Wiemers, Hulda Muennink, Louisa H. Buss and Lizette Oefinger, who attended the school last year, have the privilege to and are attending the same this year free of charge.

The Epworth League of New Fountain will give an entertainment in the church tomorrow (Thursday) evening.

Joe Fohn and family of Hondo came over in their new car Sunday on a visit to C. J. Oefinger and family.

Otto Neumann and family came by and visited F. D. Neumann and family Saturday, while on their way home from Hondo.

Messames Theodore and George Balzen of Sturm Hill, visited relatives here Tuesday.

Misses Barbara, Minnie and Ida Leinweber and Alfred Schientz of the Upper Hondo, were pleasant visitors to our burg Sunday.

Eddie Moehring of the Lower Hondo was also a pleasant visitor here on Sunday.

Messrs. J. G. Karm and F. G. Senne and families visited Chas. Senne and family Sunday.

John Hartmann shipped a car of fed steers to the Fort Worth market Saturday. Oscar Saathoff accompanied the shipment.

I am glad to report that Henry Poehler Sr. has recovered from his recent attack of sickness, and is able to be about again.

Mrs. Fred Folk and daughters, Misses Carry and Ida, visited Henry Hartmann and family Sunday.

The Quibi and Sturm Hill base ball teams crossed bats on the Quibi base ball grounds last Sunday afternoon. After the ninth inning the score stood 15 to 8 in favor of Quibi.

Several from here attended a wedding dance in D'Hanis last Saturday night.

The continual cloudy weather has brought farmers to be heard complaining about worms eating their corn and cotton.

Last Sunday morning indications were for a thunder storm, but instead of rain a norther blew up and the prospects for rain were soon blown away. Since, the nights have been very cool while the days were warm and sunny, until today prospects for rain are again good.

New Fountain, May 1, 1912.

Knippa School Commencement.

The annual term of the Knippa School had its closing exercises on Monday night April 29. A large attendance and good attention on the part of the patrons and friends of the school were features of worthy note. Programs were printed and distributed among the audience, and plenty of seats provided for all present.

That the pupils were well trained in their efforts for entertainment, and that much work on the part of teachers was expended, was shown by the grand success of the exercises. For fully two hours, there was one continual round of entertainment of one kind or another. Everybody expressed his approval by great applause as well as praise.

On last Saturday night, an Ice cream and Box Supper was provided for by the pupils, which had for its purpose a general good time for everybody, and to raise money toward some future use in the school. A very neat little sum was raised which showed that everybody was willing to help in any way they could for the betterment of the school.

That the past year has been and witnessed the greatest success of any previous one, is beyond a doubt, and great things are expected to be accomplished by the Knippa Public School in the future. We are all delighted over the good that has been done by our teachers; for they have labored faithfully in the pursuit of their duties, and deserve the good will and appreciation of all patrons.

CONTRIBUTED.

We wish to go to press with this paper soon after noon on Friday of each week and in order to do so must have copy in early—please.

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